



MMP-12 siRNA (h): sc-41557

BACKGROUND

The matrix metalloproteinases (MMP) are a family of peptidase enzymes responsible for the degradation of extracellular matrix components, including collagen, gelatin, Fibronectin, Laminin and proteoglycan. Transcription of MMP genes is differentially activated by phorbol ester, lipopolysaccharide (LPS) or staphylococcal enterotoxin B (SEB). MMP catalysis requires both calcium and zinc. MMP-12 (also designated macrophage metalloelastase) is produced in alveolar macrophages and degrades elastin. MMP-12 may contribute to elastin degradation occurring in granulomatous skin diseases and may also participate in macrophage migration through the epidermal and vascular basement membranes in inflammatory disorders.

REFERENCES

1. Shapiro, S.D., Griffin, G.L., Gilbert, D.J., Jenkins, N.A., Copeland, N.G., Welgus, H.G., Senior, R.M. and Ley, T.J. 1992. Molecular cloning, chromosomal localization, and bacterial expression of a murine macrophage metalloelastase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 4664-4671.
2. Birkedal-Hansen, H., Moore, W.G., Bodden, M.K., Windsor, L.J., Birkedal-Hansen, B., DeCarlo, A. and Engler, J.A. 1993. Matrix metalloproteinases: a review. *Crit. Rev. Oral Biol. Med.* 4: 197-250.
3. Shapiro, S.D., Kobayashi, D.K. and Ley, T.J. 1993. Cloning and characterization of a unique elastolytic metalloproteinase produced by human alveolar macrophages. *J. Biol. Chem.* 268: 23824-23829.
4. Reinemer, P., Grams, F., Huber, R., Kleine, T., Schnierer, S., Piper, M., Tschesche, H. and Bode, W. 1994. Structural implications for the role of the N terminus in the "superactivation" of collagenases. A crystallographic study. *FEBS Lett.* 338: 227-233.
5. Machein, U. and Conca, W. 1997. Expression of several matrix metalloproteinase genes in human monocytic cells. *Adv. Exp. Med. Biol.* 421: 247-251.
6. Vaalamo, M., Kariniemi, A.L., Shapiro, S.D. and Saarialho-Kere, U. 1999. Enhanced expression of human metalloelastase (MMP-12) in cutaneous granulomas and macrophage migration. *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 112: 499-505.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MMP12 (human) mapping to 11q22.2.

PRODUCT

MMP-12 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MMP-12 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41557-SH and MMP-12 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41557-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MMP-12 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41557A, sc-41557B and sc-41557C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MMP-12 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MMP-12 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MMP-12 (A-2): sc-133151 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MMP-12 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MMP-12 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MMP-12 (h)-PR: sc-41557-PR (20 μ l, 512 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Venkatasubramanian, S., Dhiman, R., Paidipally, P., Cheekatla, S.S., Tripathi, D., Welch, E., Tvinnereim, A.R., Jones, B., Theodorescu, D., Barnes, P.F. and Vankayalapati, R. 2015. A rho GDP dissociation inhibitor produced by apoptotic T-cells inhibits growth of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. *PLoS Pathog.* 11: e1004617.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.