$G_{\beta 1}$ siRNA (h): sc-41762



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Heterotrimeric G proteins function to relay information from cell surface receptors to intracellular effectors. Each of a very broad range of receptors specifically detects an extracellular stimulus (i.e., a photon, pheromone, odorant, hormone or neurotransmitter), while the effectors (e.g., adenyl cyclase), which act to generate one or more intracellular messengers, are less numerous. Each subunit of the G protein complex is encoded by a member of one of three corresponding gene families (α,β,γ) . In mammals, there are five different members of the β subunit family. The β subunits of the G proteins are important regulators of G protein α subunits as well as of certain signal transduction receptors and effectors. In contrast to $G_{\beta\,1-4}$, which are at least 83% homologous, $G_{\beta\,5}$ is only 50% homologous to the other β subunits. Human $G_{\beta\,5}$ is expressed at high levels in brain, pancreas, kidney, and heart.

REFERENCES

- Blatt, C., et al. 1988. Chromosomal localization of genes encoding guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunits in mouse and human. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 7642-7646.
- 2. Gautam, N., et al. 1990. G protein diversity is increased by associations with a variety of γ subunits. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87: 7973-7977.
- Simon, M.I., et al. 1991. Diversity of G proteins in signal transduction. Science 252: 802-808.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GNB1 (human) mapping to 1p36.33.

PRODUCT

 $G_{\beta\,1}$ siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see $G_{\beta\,1}$ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41762-SH and $G_{\beta\,1}$ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41762-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of $G_{\beta\,1}$ (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41762A, sc-41762B and sc-41762C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 ${\sf G}_{\beta,1}$ siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ${\sf G}_{\beta,1}$ expression in human calls

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

 $G_{\beta,1}$ (F-2): sc-515764 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of $G_{\beta,1}$ gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor $G_{\beta\,1}$ gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: $G_{\beta\,1}$ (h)-PR: sc-41762-PR (20 µI, 533 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Knezevic, N., et al. 2009. The G protein βγ subunit mediates reannealing of adherens junctions to reverse endothelial permeability increase by thrombin. J. Exp. Med. 206: 2761-2777.
- Sanchez, A.M., et al. 2013. Effects of progesterone and medroxyprogesterone on Actin remodeling and neuronal spine formation. Mol. Endocrinol. 27: 693-702.
- Shortrede, J.E., et al. 2016. Paxillin, a novel controller in the signaling of estrogen to FAK/N-WASP/Arp2/3 complex in breast cancer cells. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 430: 56-67.
- 4. Zhang, Y., et al. 2022. Paeoniflorin-6'O-benzene sulfonate suppresses fibroblast-like synoviocytes proliferation and migration in rheumatoid arthritis through regulating GRK2-Gβγ interaction. Exp. Ther. Med. 24: 523.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures

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