## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP α1A siRNA (m): sc-42701



#### BACKGROUND

Voltage-dependent Ca<sup>2+</sup> channels mediate Ca<sup>2+</sup> entry into excitable cells in response to membrane depolarization, and they are involved in a variety of Ca<sup>2+</sup>-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neuro-transmitter release and gene expression. Calcium channels are highly diverse, multimeric complexes composed of an  $\alpha$ -1 subunit, an intracellular  $\beta$ -subunit, a disulfide linked  $\alpha$ -2/ $\delta$  subunit and a transmembrane  $\gamma$ -subunit. Ca<sup>2+</sup> currents are characterized on the basis of their biophysical and pharmacologic properties and include L-, N-, T-, P-, Q-, and R- types. P/Q-type Ca<sup>2+</sup> channels are localized to presynaptic nerve terminals and are crucial elements in the coupling of neuronal excitation to secretion. P/Q-type Ca<sup>2+</sup> currents initiate a rapid synaptic transmission that is regulated through G proteins, SNARE proteins, and protein phospho-rylation.

## REFERENCES

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- Denier, C., et al. 1999. High prevalence of CACNA1A truncations and broader clinical spectrum in episodic ataxia type 2. Neurology 52: 1816-1821.
- 5. Jen, J., et al. 1999. A novel nonsense mutation in CACNA1A causes episodic ataxia and hemiplegia. Neurology 53: 34-37.
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- Catterall, W.A. 1999. Interactions of presynaptic Ca<sup>2+</sup> channels and snare proteins in neurotransmitter release. Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 868: 144-159.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cacna1a (mouse) mapping to 8 C3.

#### PRODUCT

P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP α1A siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP α1A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42701-SH and P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP α1A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42701-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42701A, sc-42701B and sc-42701C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A (C-2): sc-390004 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: P/Q-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\alpha$ 1A (m)-PR: sc-42701-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.