



MICB siRNA (h): sc-42925

BACKGROUND

MICA and MICB are stress induced antigens that are related to major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I molecules. MICA and MICB are frequently expressed in epithelial tumors. These highly glycosylated cell surface proteins are stably expressed without conventional class I peptide ligands or association with β -2-Microglobulin. The expression is induced on proliferating or heat shock stressed epithelial cells. MICA and MICB are broadly recognized by intestinal epithelial V δ 1 $\gamma\delta$ T cells expressing variable TCRs, suggesting that these antigens may play a central role in the signaling of cellular distress to evoke immune responses in the intestinal epithelium.

REFERENCES

1. Bahram, S., et al. 1994. A second lineage of mammalian major histocompatibility complex class I genes. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91: 6259-6263.
2. Bahram, S., et al. 1996. Nucleotide sequence of the human MHC class I MICA gene. *Immunogenetics* 44: 80-81.
3. Bahram, S., et al. 1996. Genomic structure of the human MHC class I MICB gene. *Immunogenetics* 45: 161-162.
4. Groh, V., et al. 1996. Cell stress-regulated human major histocompatibility complex class I gene expressed in gastrointestinal epithelium. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 12445-12450.
5. Groh, V., et al. 1998. Recognition of stress-induced MHC molecules by intestinal epithelial $\gamma\delta$ T cells. *Science* 279: 1737-1740.
6. Steinle, A., et al. 1998. Diversification, expression and $\gamma\delta$ T cell recognition of evolutionarily distant members of the MIC family of major histocompatibility complex class I-related molecules. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95: 12510-12515.
7. Groh, V., et al. 1999. Broad tumor-associated expression and recognition by tumor-derived $\gamma\delta$ T cells of MICA and MICB. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 96: 6879-6884.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MICB (human) mapping to 6p21.33.

PRODUCT

MICB siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MICB shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42925-SH and MICB shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42925-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MICB (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42925A, sc-42925B and sc-42925C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MICB siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MICB expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MICA/B (F-6): sc-137242 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MICB gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MICB gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MICB (h)-PR: sc-42925-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.