

STC2 siRNA (h): sc-44127

BACKGROUND

Stanniocalcin 1 (STC1) and stanniocalcin 2 (STC2) are mammalian peptide hormones that were previously considered to be present only in bony fish, where they are involved in calcium homeostasis. STC1 plays a role in calcium and phosphate homeostasis and is phosphorylated *in vitro* by protein kinase C, and STC2 is phosphorylated *in vitro* by casein kinase II (CK2). A human fibrosarcoma cell line, HT1080, expresses both STC1 and STC2 as secreted phosphoproteins *in vivo*, with STC2 being phosphorylated by an ecto-CK2-like enzyme. STC1 and STC2 have opposite effects on calcium and phosphate homeostasis, namely anti-hypercalcemic and anti-hypocalcemic actions, respectively. STC1 and STC2 are detected in human adrenal tumors, such as pheochromocytoma, differentiated neuroblastoma aldosterone-producing adenoma, and in cultured adrenal tumor cells (rat pheochromocytoma PC-12 cells and human neuroblastoma NB-1 cells).

REFERENCES

1. Chang, A.C., et al. 1998. Identification of a second stanniocalcin cDNA in mouse and human: stanniocalcin 2. *Mol. Cell. Endocrinol.* 141: 95-99.
2. Honda, S., et al. 1999. Regulation by $1\alpha,25$ -dihydroxyvitamin D₃ of expression of stanniocalcin messages in the rat kidney and ovary. *FEBS Lett.* 459: 119-122.
3. Jellinek, D.A., et al. 2000. Stanniocalcin 1 and 2 are secreted as phosphoproteins from human fibrosarcoma cells. *Biochem. J.* 350: 453-461.
4. Miura, W., et al. 2000. Expression of stanniocalcin in zona glomerulosa and medulla of normal human adrenal glands, and some adrenal tumors and cell lines. *APMIS* 108: 367-372.
5. Stasko, S.E., et al. 2001. Stanniocalcin gene expression during mouse urogenital development: a possible role in mesenchymal-epithelial signalling. *Dev. Dyn.* 220: 49-59.
6. McCudden, C.R., et al. 2002. Characterization of mammalian stanniocalcin receptors. Mitochondrial targeting of ligand and receptor for regulation of cellular metabolism. *J. Biol. Chem.* 277: 45249-45258.
7. Yahata, K., et al. 2003. Regulation of stanniocalcin 1 and 2 expression in the kidney by *klotho* gene. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 310: 128-134.
8. Ito, D., et al. 2004. Characterization of stanniocalcin 2, a novel target of the mammalian unfolded protein response with cytoprotective properties. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 24: 9456-9469.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: STC2 (human) mapping to 5q35.1.

PRODUCT

STC2 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see STC2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44127-SH and STC2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44127-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

STC2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of STC2 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

STC2 (2B11): sc-293388 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of STC2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor STC2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: STC2 (h)-PR: sc-44127-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.