ATF-3 siRNA (h2): sc-44283



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Eukaryotic gene transcription is regulated by sequence-specific transcription factors which bind modular *cis* acting promotor and enhancer elements. The cAMP response element (CRE), one of the best studied of such elements, consists of the palindromic octanucleotide TGACGTCA. Several CRE binding proteins have been identified within the ATF/CREB family, the best characterized of which include CREB-1, CREB-2 (also designated ATF-4), ATF-1, ATF-2 and ATF-3. These proteins share highly related COOH-terminal leucine zipper dimerization and basic DNA binding domains but are highly divergent in their amino-terminal domains. Although each of the ATF/CREB proteins appear capable of binding CRE in its homodimeric form, certain of these also bind as heterodimers, both within the ATF/CREB family and even with members of the AP-1 transcription factor family.

REFERENCES

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- Hai, T., et al. 1989. Transcription factor ATF cDNA clones: an extensive family of leucine zipper proteins able to selectively form DNA-binding heterodimers. Genes Dev. 8: 2083-2090.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ATF3 (human) mapping to 1q32.3.

PRODUCT

ATF-3 siRNA (h2) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ATF-3 shRNA Plasmid (h2): sc-44283-SH and ATF-3 shRNA (h2) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44283-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ATF-3 (h2) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44283A, sc-44283B and sc-44283C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ATF-3 siRNA (h2) is recommended for the inhibition of ATF-3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ATF-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ATF-3 (h2)-PR: sc-44283-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Wu, Z.Y., et al. 2014. Activating transcription factor 3 promotes colon cancer metastasis. Tumour Biol. 35: 8329-8334.
- 2. Udayakumar, T.S., et al. 2016. Edelfosine promotes apoptosis in androgendeprived prostate tumors by increasing ATF3 and inhibiting androgen receptor activity. Mol. Cancer Ther. 15: 1353-1363.
- 3. Qin, X.Y., et al. 2020. Lipid desaturation-associated endoplasmic reticulum stress regulates MYCN gene expression in hepatocellular carcinoma cells. Cell Death Dis. 11: 66.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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