# VDUP1 siRNA (h): sc-44943



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

The gene encoding vitamin  $D_3$  upregulated protein 1 (VDUP1) is upregulated by 1,25(OH)<sub>2</sub>D<sub>3</sub> in response to various stresses, including Ros, UV and heat shock. The transcription factor HSF may be involved in this regulation. VDUP1 also functions as a natural antagonist of TRX and displays tumor-suppressive activity by inducing cell cycle arrest at the  $G_0/G_1$  phase. The presence of VDUP1 is required for CD122 expression and natural killer (NK) cell maturation, but its effect is minimal during the development of T and B cells. The gene encoding human VDUP1 maps to chromosome 1q21.1, and its protein product shows ubiquitous expression in various tissues and localizes to the cytoplasm. VDUP1 may also be a useful therapeutic target for melanoma.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: TXNIP (human) mapping to 1g21.1.

#### **PRODUCT**

VDUP1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see VDUP1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44943-SH and VDUP1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44943-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of VDUP1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44943A, sc-44943B and sc-44943C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at  $-20^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at  $-20^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### **APPLICATIONS**

VDUP1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of VDUP1 expression in human cells.

### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

VDUP1 (D-2): sc-271237 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of VDUP1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor VDUP1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: VDUP1 (h)-PR: sc-44943-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 464 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

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- 3. Li, Y., et al. 2015. llexgenin A inhibits endoplasmic reticulum stress and ameliorates endothelial dysfunction via suppression of TXNIP/NLRP3 inflammasome activation in an AMPK dependent manner. Pharmacol. Res. 99: 101-115.
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- Huy, H., et al. 2018. TLR4/NF-κB axis induces fludarabine resistance by suppressing TXNIP expression in acute myeloid leukemia cells. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 506: 33-40.
- Qin, W., et al. 2019. Suhuang antitussive capsule inhibits NLRP3 inflammasome activation and ameliorates pulmonary dysfunction via suppression of endoplasmic reticulum stress in cough variant asthma. Biomed. Pharmacother. 118: 109188.
- Zhao, Y., et al. 2019. Flavonoid VI-16 protects against DSS-induced colitis by inhibiting Txnip-dependent NLRP3 inflammasome activation in macrophages via reducing oxidative stress. Mucosal Immunol. 12: 1150-1163.
- 9. Kim, D.O., et al. 2020. TXNIP regulates natural killer cell-mediated innate immunity by inhibiting IFN- $\gamma$  production during bacterial infection. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 21: 9499.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com