IFN-γ (hBA-143): sc-4587



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Interferon (IFN)- γ is an antiviral and antiparasitic agent produced by CD4+/ CD8+ lymphocytes and natural killer cells that undergo activation by antigens, mitogens or alloantigens. IFN- γ production modulates T cell growth and differentiation and inhibits the growth of B cells. Synthesis of IFN- γ is inducible by IL-2, FGF and EGF. The active form of IFN- γ is a homodimer with each subunit containing six helices. The dimeric structure of human IFN- γ is stabilized by non-covalent interactions through the interface of the helices. IFN- γ transated precursor is 166 amino acids, including the 23 amino acid secretory sequence. Multiple forms exist due to variable glycosylation and under non-denaturing conditions due to dimers and tetramers.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

IFN- γ (hBA-143) is produced in *E. coli* as 43 kDa GST-tagged biologically active protein corresponding to 143 amino acids of IFN- γ of human origin.

PRODUCT

IFN- γ (hBA-143) is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%); supplied as 100 μ g purified protein.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

IFN- γ (hBA-143) is biologically active as determined by viral resistance assay. Specific Activity: Greater than 3 x 10 7 units/mg.

RECONSTITUTION

In order to avoid freeze/thaw damaging of the active protein, dilute protein when first used to desired working concentration. Either a sterile filtered standard buffer (such as 50mM TRIS or 1X PBS) or water can be used for the dilution. Store any thawed aliquot in refrigeration at 2° C to 8° C for up to four weeks, and any frozen aliquot at -20° C to -80° C for up to one year. It is recommended that frozen aliquots be given an amount of standard cryopreservative (such as Ethylene Glycol or Glycerol 5-20% v/v), and refrigerated samples be given an amount of carrier protein (such as heat inactivated FBS or BSA to 0.1% v/v) or non-ionic detergent (such as Triton X-100 or Tween 20 to 0.005% v/v), to aid stability during storage.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Akan, Z., Aksu, B., Tulunay, A., Bilsel, S. and Inhan-Garip, A. 2010. Extremely low-frequency electromagnetic fields affect the immune response of monocyte-derived macrophages to pathogens. Bioelectromagnetics 31: 603-612.

STORAGE

Store desiccated at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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