## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# IL-1α (hBA-159): sc-4591



#### BACKGROUND

Two forms of interleukin 1, designated IL-1 $\alpha$  and IL-1 $\beta$ , have been described. Although encoded by distinct genes and exhibiting roughly only 25% sequence identity, IL-1 $\alpha$  and IL-1 $\beta$  bind to the same receptor and seem to elicit similar biological responses. IL-1 production is generally thought to be associated with inflammation, but it has also been shown to be expressed during kidney development, thymocyte differentiation and cartilage degradation. IL-1 plays a critical role in the regulation of immune response and inflammation, acting as an activator of T and B lymphocytes and natural killer (NK) cells. In T cells, IL-1 stimulates the production of IL-2 and selectively inhibits IL-4 expression. IL-1 induces B cell proliferation and maturation, and immunoglobulin synthesis. NK cells require IL-1 $\beta$  for production of the anti-pathogen IFN- $\gamma$ . IL-1 has also been implicated in several pathological conditions including rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease and atherosclerosis.

#### REFERENCES

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#### SOURCE

IL-1 $\alpha$  (hBA-159) is produced in *E. coli* as 45 kDa biologically active, GST-tagged fusion protein corresponding to 159 amino acids of IL-1 $\alpha$  of human origin.

## **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C; stable for one year from the date of shipment.

#### **PRODUCT**

IL-1 $\alpha$  (hBA-159) is purified from bacterial lysates (>98%); supplied as 50 µg purified protein.

#### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

IL-1 $\alpha$  (hBA-159) is biologically active as determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of murine D10S cells.

Expected ED<sub>50</sub>: < 0.001 ng/ml.

Specific Activity: Greater than 1 x 10<sup>9</sup> units/mg.

### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Jeschke, A., et al. 2015. Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate and phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate regulate phagolysosome biogenesis. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 112: 4636-4641.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.