PRR22 (C-9): sc-514009



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Consisting of around 63 million bases with over 1,400 genes, chromosome 19 makes up over 2% of human genomic DNA. Chromosome 19 includes a diversity of interesting genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte lg-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family, and Fc α receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19. Peutz-Jeghers syndrome, spinocerebellar ataxia type 6, the stroke disorder CADASIL, hypercholesterolemia and Insulin-dependent diabetes have been linked to chromosome 19. Translocations with chromosome 19 and chromosome 14 can be seen in some lymphoproliferative disorders and typically involve the proto-oncogene Bcl3. The MGC24975 gene product has been provisionally designated MGC24975 pending further characterization.

REFERENCES

- Zimmermann, W., et al. 1988. Chromosomal localization of the carcinoembryonic antigen gene family and differential expression in various tumors. Cancer Res. 48: 2550-2554.
- LaPoint, S.F., et al. 2000. Cerebral autosomal dominant arteriopathy with subcortical infarcts and leukoencephalopathy (CADASIL). Adv. Anat. Pathol. 7: 307-321.
- 3. Trettel, F., et al. 2000. A fine physical map of the CACNA1A gene region on 19p13.1-p13.2 chromosome. Gene 241: 45-50.
- Buchet-Poyau, K., et al. 2002. Search for the second Peutz-Jeghers syndrome locus: exclusion of the STK13, PRKCG, KLK10, and PSCD2 genes on chromosome 19 and the STK11IP gene on chromosome 2. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 97: 171-178.
- Moodie, S.J., et al. 2002. Analysis of candidate genes on chromosome 19 in coeliac disease: an association study of the KIR and LILR gene clusters. Eur. J. Immunogenet. 29: 287-291.
- Grimwood, J., et al. 2004. The DNA sequence and biology of human chromosome 19. Nature 428: 529-535.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRR22 (human) mapping to 19p13.3.

SOURCE

PRR22 (C-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 293-321 within an internal region of PRR22 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-514009 P, (100 μg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

APPLICATIONS

PRR22 (C-9) is recommended for detection of PRR22 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000)

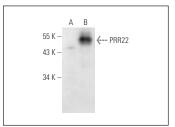
Suitable for use as control antibody for PRR22 siRNA (h): sc-97120, PRR22 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97120-SH and PRR22 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97120-V.

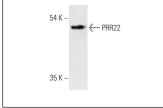
Positive Controls: PRR22 (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-113908 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





PRR22 (C-9): sc-514009. Western blot analysis of PRR22 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human PRR22 transfected: sc-113908 (B) 293T whole cell Ivsates.

PRR22 (C-9): sc-514009. Western blot analysis of PRR22 expression in Jurkat whole cell lysate.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.