# ALB (AL-01): sc-51515



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Serum albumin (ALB), the main protein in plasma, has a very good binding capacity for water, fatty acids, calcium, sodium, bilirubin, hormones, potassium and drugs. The primary function of ALB is to regulate the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood. Albumin is synthesized in the liver as preproalbumin, which has an N-terminal peptide that is removed before the nascent protein is released from the rough endoplasmic reticulum. The product, proalbumin, is in turn cleaved in the Golgi vesicles to produce the secreted form of albumin. Mutations in the ALB gene may result in familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia (FDH), a form of euthyroid hyperthyroxinemia that is due to increased affinity of ALB for T4. FDH is the most common cause of inherited euthyroid hyperthyroxinemia in Caucasian populations.

## **REFERENCES**

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- 2. Angelisova, P., et al. 1986. The characteristics of monoclonal antibodies against human albumin. Folia Biol. 32: 289-294.
- 3. Bennett, P.H., et al. 1995. Screening and management of microalbuminuria in patients with diabetes mellitus: recommendations to the Scientific Advisory Board of the National Kidney Foundation from an ad hoc committee of the Council on Diabetes. Am. J. Kidney Dis. 25: 107-112.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ALB (human) mapping to 4q13.3.

# **SOURCE**

ALB (AL-01) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against fraction of proteins containing albumin purified from serum of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **APPLICATIONS**

ALB (AL-01) is recommended for detection of ALB of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immuno-precipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)].

Suitable for use as control antibody for ALB siRNA (h): sc-45606, ALB shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45606-SH and ALB shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45606-V.

Molecular Weight of ALB: 66 kDa.

Positive Controls: human plasma extract: sc-364374, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

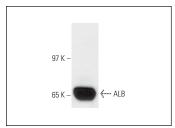
### **STORAGE**

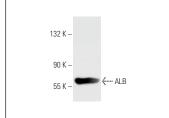
Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **DATA**





ALB (AL-01): sc-51515. Western blot analysis of ALB expression in Hep G2 whole cell lysate.

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## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- He, J., et al. 2010. Osteogenesis and trophic factor secretion are influenced by the composition of hydroxyapatite/poly(lactide-co-glycolide) composite scaffolds. Tissue Eng. Part A 16: 127-137.
- Lund, T., et al. 2011. Fibrin(ogen) may be an important target for methylglyoxal-derived AGE modification in elastic arteries of humans. Diab. Vasc. Dis. Res. 8: 284-294.
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See **ALB (F-10):** sc-271605 for ALB antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor® 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.