IP Receptor (G-7): sc-515509



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Cyclooxygenases metabolize arachidonate to five primary prostanoids: PGE2, PGF2 α , PGI2, TXA2 and PGD2. These lipid mediators interact with specific members of G protein-coupled prostanoid receptors, designated EP, FP, IP, TP and DP, respectively. The IP Receptor binds prostacyclin, PGI2, the main prostanoid synthesized by vascular tissues. First discovered in 1976, prostacyclin is involved in platelet aggregation inhibition, vasodilatation and cytoprotection, and either prostacyclin or its analogs are used in the treatment of hypertension. Upon binding to the IP Receptor, prostacyclin activates adenylate cyclase primarily through the Gas protein. The gene encoding the human IP Receptor is located on chromosome 19. It is expressed as a glycosylated and phosphorylated protein, which is abundantly expressed in vascular tissues such as aorta, lung, atrium and ventricle, as well as in kidney, thymus, spleen and neurons.

REFERENCES

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- Grant, S.M., et al. 1992. Iloprost. A review of its pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic properties, and therapeutic potential in peripheral vascular disease, myocardial ischaemia and extracorporeal circulation procedures. Drugs 43: 889-924.
- 3. Nakagawa, O., et al. 1994. Molecular cloning of human prostacyclin receptor cDNA and its gene expression in the cardiovascular system. Circulation 90: 1643-1647
- Vane, J.R., et al. 1995. Pharmacodynamic profile of prostacyclin. Am. J. Cardiol. 75: 3-10.
- Ogawa, Y., et al. 1995. Structural organization and chromosomal assignment of the human prostacyclin receptor gene. Genomics 27: 142-148.
- Oida, H., et al. 1995. *In situ* hybridization studies of prostacyclin receptor mRNA expression in various mouse organs. Br. J. Pharmacol. 116: 2828-2837.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PTGIR (human) mapping to 19q13.32.

SOURCE

IP Receptor (G-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 340-362 near the C-terminus of IP Receptor of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \ lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-515509 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

APPLICATIONS

IP Receptor (G-7) is recommended for detection of IP Receptor of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IP Receptor siRNA (h): sc-40175, IP Receptor shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40175-SH and IP Receptor shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40175-V.

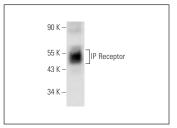
Molecular Weight of IP Receptor: 42 kDa.

Positive Controls: human platelet extract: sc-363773.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



IP Receptor (G-7): sc-515509. Western blot analysis of IP Receptor expression in human platelet extract.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Carrero, I., et al. 2019. Histoepigenetic analysis of HPV- and tobaccoassociated head and neck cancer identifies both subtype-specific and common therapeutic targets despite divergent microenvironments. Oncogene 38: 3551-3568.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.