TLR5 (C7): sc-517439



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Six human homologs of the *Drosophila* Toll receptor were initially identified based on their sequence similarities and designated Toll-like receptors (TLR). Toll receptors are involved in mediating dorsoventral polarization in the developing *Drosophila* embryo and also participate in the host immunity. The TLR family of proteins are characterized by a highly conserved Toll homology (TH) domain, which is essential for Toll-induced signal transduction. TLR1, as well as the other TLR family members, are type I transmembrane receptors that characteristically contain an extracellular domain consisting of several leucine-rich regions along with a single cytoplasmic Toll/IL-1R-like domain. TLR2 and TLR4 are activated in response to lipopolysacchride (LPS) stimulation, which results in the activation and translocation of NFkB and suggests that these receptors are involved in mediating inflammatory responses. TLR5 specifically participates in the innate immune response to microbial agents. TLR5 is highly expressed in ovary and in peripheral blood leukocytes, most abundantly in monocytes and, to a lesser extent, in prostate and testis.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TLR5 (human) mapping to 1q41.

SOURCE

TLR5 (C7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a recombinant protein corresponding to amino acids 693-858 of TLR5 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG_{2b} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

TLR5 (C7) is recommended for detection of TLR5 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TLR5 siRNA (h): sc-40262, TLR5 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40262-SH and TLR5 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40262-V.

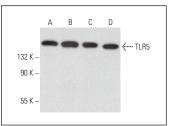
Molecular Weight of TLR5: 110-120 kDa.

Positive Controls: THP-1 cell lysate: sc-2238, NAMALWA cell lysate: sc-2234 or HL-60 whole cell lysate: sc-2209.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



TLR5 (C7): sc-517439. Western blot analysis of TLR5 expression in THP-1 (A), NAMALWA (B), HL-60 (C) and FHs 173We (D) whole cell Ivsates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Pan, H., et al. 2019. Identification of a spinal circuit for mechanical and persistent spontaneous itch. Neuron 103: 1135-1149.e6.
- 2. Li, N., et al. 2020. Early pregnancy affects the expression of Toll-like receptor pathway in ovine thymus. Reprod. Biol. 20: 547-554.
- Wang, Q., et al. 2020. Synaptic dynamics of the feed-forward inhibitory circuitry gating mechanical allodynia in mice. Anesthesiology 132: 1212-1228.
- 4. Wu, J., et al. 2021. Toll-like a signaling is changed in ovine lymph node during early pregnancy. Anim. Sci. J. 92: e13541.
- Zhang, L., et al. 2021. Early pregnancy affects expression of Toll-like receptor signaling members in ovine spleen. Anim. Reprod. 18: e20210009.
- 6. Han, X., et al. 2022. Selection of early pregnancy specific proteins and development a rapid immunochromatographic test strip in cows. Theriogenology 187: 127-134.
- Joon, A., et al. 2023. Role of TLRs in EGFR-mediated IL-8 secretion by enteroaggregative *Escherichia coli*-infected cultured human intestinal epithelial cells. J. Cell Commun. Signal. 17: 1355-1370.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.