

# $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$ (B-3): sc-518163

## BACKGROUND

Heterotrimeric G proteins function to relay information from cell surface receptors to intracellular effectors. Each of a very broad range of receptors specifically detects an extracellular stimulus (a photon, pheromone, odorant, hormone or neurotransmitter) while the effectors (e.g., adenyl cyclase), which act to generate one or more intracellular messengers, are less numerous. In mammals, G protein  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  polypeptides are encoded by at least 16, 4 and 7 genes, respectively. Most interest in G proteins has been focused on their  $\alpha$  subunits, since these proteins bind and hydrolyze GTP and most obviously regulate the activity of the best studied effectors. Four distinct classes of  $G_{\alpha}$  subunits have been identified; these include  $G_s$ ,  $G_i$ ,  $G_q$  and  $G_{12/13}$ . Gustducin has been identified as a taste-cell-specific G protein within the  $G_i$  subclass of  $G_{\alpha}$  subunit proteins that is most closely related to the transducins and exclusively expressed in taste buds.

## REFERENCES

1. Simon, M.I., Strathmann, M.P. and Gautam, N. 1991. Diversity of G proteins in signal transduction. *Science* 252: 802-808.
2. Cali, J.J., Balcueva, E.A., Rybalkin, I. and Robishaw, J.D. 1992. Selective tissue distribution of G protein  $\gamma$  subunits, including a new form of the  $\gamma$  subunits identified by cDNA cloning. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 24023-24027.
3. McLaughlin, S.K., McKinnon, P.J. and Margolskee, R.F. 1992. Gustducin is a taste-cell-specific G protein closely related to the transducins. *Nature* 357: 563-569.
4. von Weizsäcker, E., Strathman, M.P. and Simon, M.I. 1992. Diversity among the  $\beta$  subunits of heterotrimeric GTP-binding proteins: characterization of a novel  $\beta$ -subunit cDNA. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 183: 350-356.
5. Conklin, B.R. and Bourne, H.R. 1993. Structural elements of  $G_{\alpha}$  subunits that interact with  $G_{\beta\gamma}$  receptors, and effectors. *Cell* 73: 631-641.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GNAT3 (human) mapping to 7q21.11; Gnat3 (mouse) mapping to 5 A3.

## SOURCE

$G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  (B-3) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 53-74 of  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

$G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  (B-3) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-518163 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-518163 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-518163 PE), fluorescein (sc-518163 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-518163 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-518163 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-518163 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-518163 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-518163 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-518163 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

## APPLICATIONS

$G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  (B-3) is recommended for detection of  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  siRNA (m): sc-41749,  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41749-SH and  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41749-V.

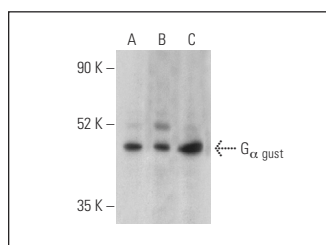
Positive Controls: HEK293T whole cell lysate: sc-45137, HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270 or PMJ2-PC whole cell lysate.

## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:

1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



$G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  (B-3): sc-518163. Western blot analysis of  $G_{\alpha \text{ gust}}$  expression in HEK293T (A), HEL 92.1.7 (B) and PMJ2-PC (C) whole cell lysates. Detection reagent used: m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

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