S-probe (SBSTABa): sc-52611



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Plasmid vectors for the expression of coding regions of eukaryotic genes in bacterial, insect and mammalian hosts are in common usage; such expression vectors are frequently used to encode fusion proteins consisting of a eukaryotic target protein and a specialized region designed to aid in the purification or quantification of the target protein. A novel system that addresses the issue of protein quantification utilizes an enzymatically cleaved derivative of bovine RNase A, called RNase S. RNase S is composed of the S-peptide (residues 1-20) and the S-protein (residues 21-124), which together form the active enzyme. Although the S-protein itself is inactive, addition of the S-peptide, or a fusion protein tagged with the S-peptide, will reconstitute its enzymatic activity which can then be assayed on a poly(C) substrate and quantified by spectroscopy.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

S-probe (SBSTABa) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length S-Tag. $\,$

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG_1 in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

S-probe (SBSTABa) is recommended for detection of S-Tag by FCM and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Kong, Z., Lu, Y., Yang, Y., Chang, K., Lin, Y., Huang, Y., Wang, C., Zhang, L., Xu, W., Zhao, S. and Li, Y. 2023. m6A-mediated biogenesis of circDDIT4 inhibits prostate cancer progression by sequestrating ELAVL1/HuR. Mol. Cancer Res. 21: 1342-1355.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.