C3 (A-4): sc-55458



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Complement C3 precursor contains complement C3 β chain, complement C3 lpha chain, C3a anaphylatoxin, complement C3b lpha chain, complement C3c fragment, complement C3dg fragment, complement C3g fragment, complement C3d fragment and complement C3f fragment. C3a, C4a and C5a are potent anaphylatoxins that are released during complement activation, a system of ligand-surface protein interactions specific to cells of hematopoietic lineage that aids in the elimination of pathogens. C3a and C5a secretion correlates with pathophysiological phenotypes such as asthma and bacterial meningitis. Binding of these proteins to their respective G protein-coupled receptors (C3aR, C5aR), which are present on the surface of myeloid leukocytes, induces proinflammatory events such as cellular degranulation, smooth muscle contraction, arachidonic acid metabolism, cytokine release, leukocyte activation and cellular chemotaxis. C3aR is expressed in brain and activated B lymphocytes, whereas C5aR is prevalent on the surface of hepatocyte, lung, smooth muscle and endothelial cells. Upon activation, C3aR and C5aR are susceptible to rapid GRK-mediated phosphorylation and Clathrin-coated vesicle targeting. C5aR utilizes the Ras-Raf-ERK1/2 cascade and couples to G_i/G₁₆ proteins.

REFERENCES

- de Bruijn, M.H., et al. 1985. Human complement component C3: cDNA coding sequence and derived primary structure. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82: 708-712.
- Buhl, A.M., et al. 1995. Mitogen-activated protein kinase activation requires two signal inputs from the human anaphylatoxin C5a receptor. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 19828-19832.
- Stahel, P.F., et al. 1997. TNFα-mediated expression of the receptor for anaphylatoxin C5a on neurons in experimental *Listeria meningoencephalitis*. J. Immunol. 159: 861-869.
- Settmacher, B., et al. 1999. Modulation of C3a activity: internalization of the human C3a receptor and its inhibition by C5a. J. Immunol. 162: 7409-7416.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C3 (human) mapping to 19p13.3.

SOURCE

C3 (A-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 541-840 of C3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

C3 (A-4) is recommended for detection of C3 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for C3 siRNA (h): sc-37068, C3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37068-SH and C3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37068-V.

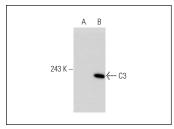
Molecular Weight of C3: 180 kDa.

Positive Controls: C3 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-112683 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

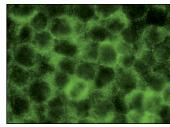
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



C3 (A-4): sc-55458. Western blot analysis of C3 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human C3 transfected: sc-112683 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.



C3 (A-4): sc-55458. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Li, C.J., et al. 2010. α -tocopherol modulates transcriptional activities that affect essential biological processes in bovine cells. Gene Regul. Syst. Bio. 4: 109-124.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



See C3 (B-9): sc-28294 for C3 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor[®] 488 and Alexa Fluor[®] 647.