

MEF-2A (D-6): sc-55500

BACKGROUND

The myocyte enhancer factor-2 (MEF-2) family of transcription factors associate with co-repressors or co-activators to regulate development and function of T cells, neuronal cells, and muscle cells. Four family members arise from alternatively spliced transcripts, termed MEF-2A, -2B, -2C, and -2D. These members bind as homo- and heterodimers to the MEF-2 site in the promoter region of affected genes. Differential regulation in the expression of the four transcripts implies functional distinction for each during embryogenesis and development. The process of differentiation from mesodermal precursor cells to myoblasts has led to the discovery of a variety of tissue-specific factors that regulate muscle gene expression. The myogenic basic helix-loop-helix proteins, including MyoD, myogenin, Myf-5, and MRF4, are one class of identified factors. A second family of DNA binding regulatory proteins is the myocyte-specific enhancer factor-2 (MEF-2) family. Each of these proteins binds to the MEF-2 target DNA sequence present in the regulatory regions of many muscle-specific genes.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MEF2A (human) mapping to 15q26.3; Mef2a (mouse) mapping to 7 C.

SOURCE

MEF-2A (D-6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-300 of MEF-2A of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

MEF-2A (D-6) is recommended for detection of MEF-2A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MEF-2A siRNA (h): sc-35894, MEF-2A siRNA (m): sc-35895, MEF-2A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35894-SH, MEF-2A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35895-SH, MEF-2A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35894-V and MEF-2A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35895-V.

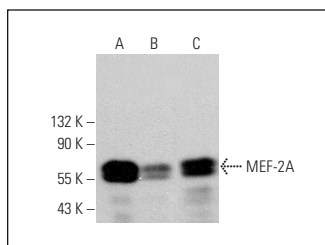
Molecular Weight of MEF-2A: 40-65 kDa.

Positive Controls: Daudi cell lysate: sc-2415, JAR cell lysate: sc-2276 or HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270.

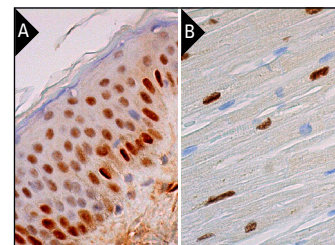
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



MEF-2A (D-6): sc-55500. Western blot analysis of MEF-2A expression in Daudi (A), JAR (B) and HEL 92.1.7 (C) whole cell lysates.



MEF-2A (D-6): sc-55500. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human skin tissue showing nuclear staining of epidermal cells, keratinocytes, Langerhans cells and melanocytes (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing nuclear staining of myocytes (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Piantadosi, C.A., et al. 2011. Heme oxygenase-1 couples activation of mitochondrial biogenesis to anti-inflammatory cytokine expression. *J. Biol. Chem.* 286: 16374-16385.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.