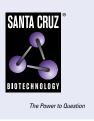
# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# β Tubulin (G-8): sc-55529



#### BACKGROUND

Tubulin is a major cytoskeleton component that has five distinct forms, designated  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$  and  $\varepsilon$  Tubulin.  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  Tubulins form heterodimers which multimerize to form a microtubule filament. Multiple  $\beta$  Tubulin isoforms ( $\beta$ 1,  $\beta$ 2,  $\beta$ 3,  $\beta$ 4,  $\beta$ 5,  $\beta$ 6 and  $\beta$ 8) have been characterized and are expressed in mammalian tissues.  $\beta$ 1 and  $\beta$ 4 are present throughout the cytosol,  $\beta$ 2 is present in the nuclei and nucleoplasm, and  $\beta$ 3 is a neuron-specific cytoskeletal protein.  $\gamma$  Tubulin forms the gammasome, which is required for nucleating microtubule filaments at the centrosome. Both  $\delta$  Tubulin and  $\varepsilon$  Tubulin are associated with the centrosome.  $\delta$  Tubulin is a homolog of the *Chlamydomonas*  $\delta$  Tubulin Uni3 and is found in association with the centroles, whereas  $\varepsilon$  Tubulin localizes to the pericentriolar material.  $\varepsilon$  Tubulin exhibits a cell-cycle-specific pattern of localization, first associating with only the older of the centrosomes in a newly duplicated pair and later associating with both centrosomes.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Weisenberg, R. 1981. Invited review: the role of nucleotide triphosphate in Actin and Tubulin assembly and function. Cell Motil. 1: 485-497.
- Burns, R.G. 1991. α-, β-, and γ-Tubulins: sequence comparisons and structural constraints. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 20: 181-189.
- Zheng, Y., et al. 1991. γ Tubulin is present in *Drosophila melangaster* and *Homo sapiens* and is associated with the centrosome. Cell 65: 817-823.

#### SOURCE

 $\beta$  Tubulin (G-8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 210-444 of  $\beta$  Tubulin of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g\, lg G_3$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## **APPLICATIONS**

 $\beta$  Tubulin (G-8) is recommended for detection of  $\beta$  Tubulin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

 $\beta$  Tubulin (G-8) is also recommended for detection of  $\beta$  Tubulin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Molecular Weight of  $\beta$  Tubulin: 55 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207 or NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

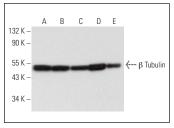
## **STORAGE**

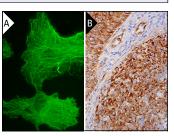
Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### DATA





 $\beta$  Tubulin (G-8): sc-55529. Western blot analysis of  $\beta$  Tubulin expression in HeIa (A), BJAB (B), NIH/313 (C), PC-12 (D) and U-2 OS (E) whole cell lystes. Detection reagent used: m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102.

 $\beta$  Tubulin (G-8): sc-55529. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing cytoskeletal localization (A). Immunoperxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of squamous epithelial cells and cells in germinal center and cytoplasmic and membrane staining of cells in non-germinal center (B).

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Gong, Y., et al. 2005. NSPc1, a mainly nuclear localized protein of novel PcG family members, has a transcription repression activity related to its PKC phosphorylation site at S183. FEBS Lett. 579: 115-121.
- 2. Zambrano, J.N., et al. 2018. Staurosporine, an inhibitor of hormonally up-regulated neu-associated kinase. Oncotarget 9: 35962-35973.
- Tsuchiya, H., et al. 2019. HBx and c-MYC cooperate to induce URI1 expression in HBV-related hepatocellular carcinoma. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 20: 5714.
- Navarro-Hernandez, I.C., et al. 2020. Tetraspanin 33 (TSPAN33) regulates endocytosis and migration of human B lymphocytes by affecting the tension of the plasma membrane. FEBS J. 287: 3449-3471.
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- Shim, S.M., et al. 2023. The Cys-N-degron pathway modulates pexophagy through the N-terminal oxidation and arginylation of ACAD10. Autophagy 19: 1642-1661.
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See  $\beta$  **Tubulin (D-10):** sc-5274 for  $\beta$  Tubulin antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.