

apoC-III siRNA (m): sc-60051

BACKGROUND

Apolipoproteins are protein components of plasma lipoproteins. The apolipoprotein C gene family encodes four homologous proteins designated apoC-I to -IV, which specifically modulate the metabolism of triglyceride-rich lipoproteins. The human apoC-I gene maps to chromosome 19q13.2 and is expressed primarily in the liver where it is activated when monocytes differentiate into macrophages. The human apoC-II gene maps to chromosome 19q13.2 and encodes a 79 amino acid single chain protein that is a necessary cofactor for the activation of lipoprotein lipase, the enzyme that hydrolyzes triglycerides in plasma and transfers the fatty acids to tissues. The human apoC-III gene maps to chromosome 11q23.3 and encodes a protein that may delay catabolism of triglyceride-rich particles by inhibiting lipoprotein lipase and hepatic lipase. The human apoC-IV gene maps to chromosome 19q13.2 and encodes a 127 amino acid protein that is primarily expressed in the liver.

REFERENCES

1. Breckenridge, W.C., et al. 1978. Hypertriglyceridemia associated with deficiency of apolipoprotein C-II. *N. Engl. J. Med.* 298: 1265-1273.
2. Allan, C.M., et al. 1995. Identification and characterization of a new human gene (APOC4) in the apolipoprotein E, C-I, and C-II gene locus. *Genomics* 28: 291-300.
3. Zhang, L.H., et al. 1996. Identification, characterization, cloning, and expression of apolipoprotein C-IV, a novel sialoglycoprotein of rabbit plasma lipo-proteins. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 1776-1783.
4. Dang, Q., et al. 1996. *In vivo* footprinting analysis of the hepatic control region of the human apolipoprotein E/C-I/C-IV/C-II gene locus. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 28667-28676.
5. Allan, C.M. and Taylor, J.M. 1996. Expression of a novel human apolipoprotein (apoC-IV) causes hypertriglyceridemia in transgenic mice. *J. Lipid Res.* 37: 1510-1518.
6. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM[™]. 1998. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 207750. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
7. Jong, M.C. and Havekes, L.M. 2000. Insights into apolipoprotein C metabolism from transgenic and gene-targeted mice. *Int. J. Tissue React.* 22: 59-66.
8. Mak, P.A., et al. 2002. Regulated expression of the apolipoprotein E/C-I/C-IV/C-II gene cluster in murine and human macrophages. A critical role for nuclear liver X receptors α and β . *J. Biol. Chem.* 277: 31900-31908.
9. Kotite, L., et al. 2003. Human apoC-IV: isolation, characterization, and immunochemical quantification in plasma and plasma lipoproteins. *J. Lipid Res.* 44: 1387-1394.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ApoC3 (mouse) mapping to 9 A5.2.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

apoC-III siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see apoC-III shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60051-SH and apoC-III shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60051-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of apoC-III (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-60051A, sc-60051B and sc-60051C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

apoC-III siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of apoC-III expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor apoC-III gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: apoC-III (m)-PR: sc-60051-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.