

# MRCK $\alpha$ siRNA (m): sc-60059

## BACKGROUND

Protein kinases comprise a large group of encoded factors that regulate cellular processes by catalyzing the transfer of a phosphate group to a hydroxyl acceptor in serine, threonine or tyrosine residues. Myotonic dystrophy kinase-related Cdc42-binding (DMPK-like) kinases  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  (MRCK $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ) contain a cysteine-rich motif and a putative pleckstrin homology domain. MRCKs can phosphorylate nonmuscle myosin light chain and influences actin-myosin contractility. MRCK $\alpha$  can phosphorylate and activate LIM kinases downstream of Cdc42, which leads to inactivation of ADF/cofilin and to Actin cytoskeletal reorganization. MRCK $\alpha$  can also influence neurite outgrowth promoted by Cdc42 and Rac.

## REFERENCES

1. Hunter, T. 1995. Protein kinases and phosphatases: the yin and yang of protein phosphorylation and signaling. *Cell* 80: 225-236.
2. Leung, T., Chen, X.Q., Tan, I., Manser, E. and Lim, L. 1998. Myotonic dystrophy kinase-related Cdc42-binding kinase acts as a Cdc42 effector in promoting cytoskeletal reorganization. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 18: 130-140.
3. Moncrieff, C.L., Bailey, M.E., Morrison, N. and Johnson, K.J. 1999. Cloning and chromosomal localization of human Cdc42-binding protein kinase  $\beta$ . *Genomics* 57: 297-300.
4. Chen, X.Q., Tan, I., Leung, T. and Lim, L. 1999. The myotonic dystrophy kinase-related Cdc42-binding kinase is involved in the regulation of neurite outgrowth in PC12 cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 19901-19905.
5. Hunter, T. 2000. Signaling—2000 and beyond. *Cell* 100: 113-127.
6. Sumi, T., Matsumoto, K., Shibuya, A. and Nakamura, T. 2001. Activation of LIM kinases by myotonic dystrophy kinase-related Cdc42-binding kinase  $\alpha$ . *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 23092-23096.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cdc42bpa (mouse) mapping to 1 H4.

## PRODUCT

MRCK $\alpha$  siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRCK $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60059-SH and MRCK $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60059-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MRCK $\alpha$  (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-60059A, sc-60059B and sc-60059C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

MRCK $\alpha$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of MRCK $\alpha$  expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MRCK $\alpha$  (B-3): sc-374568 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MRCK $\alpha$  gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRCK $\alpha$  gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRCK $\alpha$  (m)-PR: sc-60059-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.