GRIF-1 siRNA (m): sc-60764



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

GRIF-1 (γ -aminobutyric acid type A (GABA_A) receptor interacting factor-1, also known as: OGT-interacting protein, OIP106), is a kinesin-binding, trafficking protein which is a member of a recently identified coiled-coil family of proteins. It has been proposed that GRIF-1 is a kinesin associated protein that functions as an adaptor in the anterograde trafficking of organelles to synapses. Studies have found that the KIF5C binding domain of GRIF-1, GRIF-1 (124-283), associates with the KIF5C non-motor domain of kinesin. GRIF-1a protein is also only expressed in excitable tissues (i.e. brain, heart, and skeletal muscle). In brain tissue, it was seen that anti-GRIF-1-(8-633) antibodies specifically co-immunoprecipitated two kinesin-immunoreactive species, whereas in the heart, only one kinesin-immunoreactive species was immunoprecipitated.

REFERENCES

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- Smith, M.J., et al. 2006. Mapping the GRIF-1 binding domain of the kinesin, KIF5C, substantiates a role for GRIF-1 as an adaptor protein in the anterograde trafficking of cargoes. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 27216-27228.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Trak2 (mouse) mapping to 1 C1.3.

PRODUCT

GRIF-1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GRIF-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60764-SH and GRIF-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60764-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GRIF-1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-60764A, sc-60764B and sc-60764C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GRIF-1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GRIF-1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GRIF-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GRIF-1 (m)-PR: sc-60764-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com