# NALP8 siRNA (h): sc-61150



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

NACHT-, LRR- and PYD-containing protein (NALP) family function in the regulation of apoptosis and inflammatory signaling pathways. Members of the NALP family (also designated Pyrin-containing APAF1-like proteins) include NALP1 through NALP11. Several family members, such as NALP1, NALP2, NALP3 and NALP6 influence NFκB and caspase pathways as components of the inflammasome. NALP5 (also designated MATER) is a maternal effect protein required for early embryonic development. Most short NALPs, such as NALP8 (PAN4, NOD16), have a C-terminal leucine-rich repeat (LRR) region, an N-terminal Pyrin (MEFV) domain (PYD), followed by a NACHT domain and a NACHT-associated domain (NAD). The NALP8 protein contains 1,029 amino acid residues and has the characteristic PYD-NACHT-LRR domain structure found in the NALP family. THE NALP8 gene maps to chromosome 19q13.43.

# **REFERENCES**

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# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NLRP8 (human) mapping to 19q13.43.

# **PRODUCT**

NALP8 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NALP8 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61150-SH and NALP8 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61150-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NALP8 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-61150A, sc-61150B and sc-61150C.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

NALP8 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NALP8 expression in human cells.

### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NALP8 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NALP8 (h)-PR: sc-61150-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 552 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

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