Centriolin siRNA (m): sc-62095



The Power to Overtin

BACKGROUND

Cytokinesis occurs during the late stages of mitosis and describes the process by which the cytoplasm of one cell is divided to create two subsequent daughter cells. Centriolin, also known as CEP110, is a coiled-coil centrosomal protein that is required for centrosome maturation and correct centrosome function. During abscission, the last step in cytokinesis, Centriolin both coordinates and grounds vesicle-fusion and vesicle-exocyst complexes to the midbody of the daughter cells. Acting as an anchor for the protein complexes needed to complete separation of the two cells, Centriolin initiates and controls vesicle-mediated cell cleavage. Through its ability to signal initiation of the last step of vertebrate cytokinesis, Centriolin regulates cell proliferation and contributes to proper entry into the S phase of mitosis.

REFERENCES

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- Gromley, A., et al. 2003. A novel human protein of the maternal centriole is required for the final stages of cytokinesis and entry into S phase. J. Cell Biol. 161: 535-545.
- Guinn, B.A., et al. 2005. Humoral detection of leukaemia-associated antigens in presentation acute myeloid leukaemia. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 335: 1293-1304.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cep110 (mouse) mapping to 2 B.

PRODUCT

Centriolin siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Centriolin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-62095-SH and Centriolin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62095-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Centriolin (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-62095A, sc-62095B and sc-62095C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Centriolin siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Centriolin expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Centriolin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Centriolin (m)-PR: sc-62095-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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