GPR63 siRNA (m): sc-62402



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

GPR63 (probable G protein-coupled receptor 63, PSP24b) is a 419 amino acid protein encoded by the human GPR63 gene. GPR63 is an orphan receptor member of the G protein-coupled receptor 1 family. G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs, or GPRs) contain seven transmembrane domains and transduce extracellular signals through heterotrimeric G proteins. Key roles for G protein-coupled receptors include control of protein maturation and cell surface delivery and providing the correct framework for interactions with both heterotrimeric G proteins and arrestins to allow signal generation and its termination. GPR63 is expressed in brain tissue, most notably frontal cortex, with lower levels in the thalamus, caudate, hypothalamus and midbrain.

REFERENCES

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- 4. Conner, A.C., et al. 2004. A key role for transmembrane prolines in calcitonin receptor-like receptor agonist binding and signalling: implications for family B G protein-coupled receptors. Mol. Pharmacol. 67: 20-31.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Gpr63 (mouse) mapping to 4 A3.

PRODUCT

GPR63 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GPR63 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-62402-SH and GPR63 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62402-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GPR63 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-62402A, sc-62402B and sc-62402C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GPR63 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GPR63 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GPR63 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GPR63 (m)-PR: sc-62402-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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