matrin-3 siRNA (h): sc-62604



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BACKGROUND

Matrin-3 is a nuclear matrix protein containing one matrin-type zinc finger and two RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains. Matrin-3 plays a role in transcription and may interact with other nuclear matrix proteins to form the internal fibrogranular network. In association with the PSF-p54/NRB heteromer, matrin-3 may play a role in the nuclear retention of defective RNAs. As the main substrate for PKA-mediated phosphorylation, matrin-3 may serve as a rapid way of transferring information from synapses containing NMDA receptors to neuronal nuclei under physiological conditions. Also, the phosphorylation of matrin-3 may contribute to neuronal death under pathological conditions. It is likely that matrin-3 activity is regulated by calcium dependent interaction with CaM I and also by caspase induced cleavage.

REFERENCES

- Belgrader, P., et al. 1991. Molecular cloning of matrin-3. A 125 kDa protein of the nuclear matrix contains an extensive acidic domain. J. Biol. Chem. 266: 9893-9899.
- Matsushima, Y., et al. 1998. Cloning and genomic mapping of the mouse matrin-3 gene and its pseudogenes. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 81: 194-198.
- Czarny-Ratajczak, M., et al. 2001. A mutation in COL9A1 causes multiple epiphyseal dysplasia: further evidence for locus heterogeneity. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 69: 969-980.
- Giordano, G., et al. 2005. Activation of NMDA receptors induces protein kinase A-mediated phosphorylation and degradation of matrin-3. Blocking these effects prevents NMDA-induced neuronal death. J. Neurochem. 94: 808-818.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MATR3 (human) mapping to 5q31.2.

PRODUCT

matrin-3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see matrin-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62604-SH and matrin-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62604-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of matrin-3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-62604A, sc-62604B and sc-62604C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

matrin-3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of matrin-3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

matrin-3 (2539C3a): sc-81318 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of matrin-3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor matrin-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: matrin-3 (h)-PR: sc-62604-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Nho, S.H., et al. 2018. Licochalcone H induces the apoptosis of human oral squamous cell carcinoma cells via regulation of matrin-3. Oncol. Rep. 41: 333-340.
- Kuriyama, H., et al. 2020. Matrin-3 plays an important role in cell cycle and apoptosis for survival in malignant melanoma. J. Dermatol. Sci. 100: 110-119.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com