# QAPRTase siRNA (m): sc-62915



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Quinolinate phosphoribosyltransferase (QPRTase) is a major enzyme in the catabolism of quinolinate. Quinolinate is an intermediate in the tryptophannicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD) pathway, leading to the production of nicotinic acid, carbon dioxide, and pyrophosphate. Catabolism of quinolinate is vital due to the quinolinate's neurotoxicity. Increased levels of quinolinate have been linked to neurodegenerative symptoms associated with meningitis and AIDS. QAPRTase has a seven-stranded  $\alpha/\beta$ -barrel domain which is similar in structure to the eight-stranded  $\alpha/\beta$ -barrel enzymes. The protein possesses a novel fold in comparison to other members of the PRTase family. This fold comprises a structure combining two domains. The structure is part  $\alpha/\beta$  barrel-like domain, and part  $\alpha/\beta$  N-terminal domain.

## **REFERENCES**

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- 3. Kim, M.K., et al. 2003. Crystallization and preliminary X-ray crystallographic analysis of quinolinate phosphoribosyltransferase of *Helicobacter pylori*. Acta Crystallogr. D Biol. Crystallogr. 59: 1265-1266.
- Connor, S.C., et al. 2004. Development of a multivariate statistical model to predict peroxisome proliferation in the rat, based on urinary 1H-NMR spectral patterns. Biomarkers 9: 364-385.
- Schwarzenbacher, R., et al. 2004. Crystal structure of a type II quinolic acid phosphoribosyltransferase (TM1645) from Thermotoga maritima at 2.50 A resolution. Proteins 55: 768-771.
- Delaney, J., et al. 2005. Tryptophan-NAD+ pathway metabolites as putative biomarkers and predictors of peroxisome proliferation. Arch. Toxicol. 79: 208-223.
- Wang, K., et al. 2006. Involvement of quinolinate phosphoribosyl transferase in promotion of potato growth by a *Burkholderia* strain. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 72: 760-768.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Oprt (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

#### **PRODUCT**

QAPRTase siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see QAPRTase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-62915-SH and QAPRTase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62915-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of QAPRTase (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-62915A, sc-62915B and sc-62915C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### **APPLICATIONS**

QAPRTase siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of QAPRTase expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor QAPRTase gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: QAPRTase (m)-PR: sc-62915-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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