



Rab 24 siRNA (h): sc-62918

BACKGROUND

The Ras-related superfamily of guanine nucleotide binding proteins, which includes the R-Ras, Rap, Ral/Rec and Rho/Rab superfamilies exhibit 30-60% homology with Ras p21. Accumulating data suggests an important role for Rab proteins, either in endocytosis or in biosynthetic protein transport. The transport of newly synthesized proteins from the endoplasmic reticulum to various stacks of the Golgi complex and to secretory vesicles involves at each stage the movement of carrier vesicles, a process that appears to involve Rab protein function. The possibility that Rab proteins might also direct the exocytosis from secretory vesicles to the plasma membrane is supported by the observation that in yeast, the SEC4 protein, which is 40% homologous to Rab proteins, is associated with secretory vesicles. Rab 24 differs from other Rab family members because it has low intrinsic GTPase activity and is not efficiently prenylated. Rab 24 is thought to be involved in the autophagic pathway.

REFERENCES

1. Zahraoui, A., et al. 1989. The human Rab genes encode a family of GTP-binding proteins related to yeast YPT1 and SEC4 products involved in secretion. *J. Biol. Chem.* 264: 12394-12401.
2. Chavrier, P., et al. 1992. The complexity of the Rab and Rho GTP-binding protein subfamilies revealed by a PCR cloning approach. *Gene* 112: 261-264.
3. Novick, P. and Brennwald, P. 1993. Friends and family: the role of the Rab GTPases in vesicular traffic. *Cell* 75: 597-601.
4. Erdman, R.A., et al. 2000. Rab24 is an atypical member of the Rab GTPase family. Deficient GTPase activity, GDP dissociation inhibitor interaction, and prenylation of Rab24 expressed in cultured cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 3848-3856.
5. Maltese, W.A., et al. 2002. Mutant Rab24 GTPase is targeted to nuclear inclusions. *BMC Cell Biol.* 3: 25.
6. Munafó, D.B. and Colombo, M.I. 2002. Induction of autophagy causes dramatic changes in the subcellular distribution of GFP-Rab24. *Traffic* 3: 472-482.
7. Ding, J., et al. 2003. Tyrosine phosphorylation of the Rab24 GTPase in cultured mammalian cells. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 312: 670-675.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RAB24 (human) mapping to 5q35.3.

PRODUCT

Rab 24 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Rab 24 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62918-SH and Rab 24 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62918-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Rab 24 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-62918A, sc-62918B and sc-62918C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Rab 24 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Rab 24 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Rab 24 (43): sc-136049 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Rab 24 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Rab 24 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Rab 24 (h)-PR: sc-62918-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.