

FCRLM1 siRNA (m): sc-63285

BACKGROUND

FCRLM1 is a member of the Fc receptor-like (FCRL) family of molecules that may play a fundamental role as an immunomodulatory agent in conventional and subverted B lineage cells. FCRL molecules are implicated in both malignancies and autoimmune disorders. Homologous to the well-known receptors in the Fc division of immunoglobulins (FCR), Fc receptor-like molecules helped contribute many new genes to the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF). These genes, located on the human chromosomal region 1q21-23, also display significant diversity between humans and mice. The Fc receptor-like molecules retain dual or autonomous signaling properties, as well as diverse extracellular frameworks and preferential B lineage expression. Strong evidence does not exist for a role as Ig-binding receptors.

REFERENCES

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2. Maltais, L.J., et al. 2006. New nomenclature for Fc receptor-like molecules. *Nat. Immunol.* 7: 431-432.
3. Newman, W.G., et al. 2006. Rheumatoid arthritis association with the FCRL3-169C polymorphism is restricted to PTPN22 1858T-homozygous individuals in a Canadian population. *Arthritis Rheum.* 54: 3820-3827.
4. Owen C.J., et al. 2007. Analysis of the Fc receptor-like-3 (FCRL3) locus in Caucasians with autoimmune disorders suggests a complex pattern of disease association. *J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab.* 92: 1106-1111.
5. Davis R.S. 2007. Fc receptor-like molecules. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 25: 525-560.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Fcrla* (mouse) mapping to 1 H3.

PRODUCT

FCRLM1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see FCRLM1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-63285-SH and FCRLM1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-63285-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of FCRLM1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-63285A, sc-63285B and sc-63285C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

FCRLM1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of FCRLM1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor FCRLM1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: FCRLM1 (m)-PR: sc-63285-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.