BACKGROUND

The Hep C (Hepatitis C) is a small, enveloped, single-stranded, positive sense RNA virus belonging to the family Flaviviridae. Transmission of the virus occurs when blood from an infected individual enters the body of an uninfected individual. Hep C primarily replicates within hepatocytes in the liver, and circulating Hep C particles bind to receptors on the surface and enter these cells. Hep C replicates quickly, producing approximately one trillion particles each day in infected individuals. Hep C RNA polymerase has no proofreading function, so the virus has an exceptionally high mutation rate which may help it elude the host’s immune system. Hep C infection results in chronic infections, liver cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma in most people. Hep C NS5a (nonstructural protein 5A) is a phosphoprotein and the phosphorylation state of Hep C NS5a is important for the outcome of viral RNA replication.

REFERENCES


SOURCE

Hep C NS5a (1877) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length Hep C NS5a.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG2a in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Hep C NS5a (1877) is recommended for detection of NS5a genotypes 1a and 1b of Hep C origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Hep C NS5a: 58 kDa.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS


STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our website at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.