

γ -Actin (1-24): sc-65635

BACKGROUND

All eukaryotic cells express Actin, which often constitutes as much as 50% of total cellular protein. Actin filaments can form both stable and labile structures and are crucial components of microvilli and the contractile apparatus of muscle cells. While lower eukaryotes, such as yeast, have only one Actin gene, higher eukaryotes have several isoforms encoded by a family of genes. At least six types of Actin are present in mammalian tissues and fall into three classes. α -Actin expression is limited to various types of muscle, whereas β - and γ -Actin are the principle constituents of filaments in other tissues. Members of the small GTPase family regulate the organization of the Actin cytoskeleton. Rho controls the assembly of Actin stress fibers and focal adhesion. Rac regulates Actin filament accumulation at the plasma membrane. Cdc42 stimulates formation of filopodia.

REFERENCES

1. Doolittle, R.F. 1995. The origins and evolution of eukaryotic proteins. *Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond., B, Biol. Sci.* 349: 235-240.
2. Maccioni, R.B., et al. 1995. Role of microtubule-associated proteins in the control of microtubule assembly. *Physiol. Rev.* 75: 835-864.
3. Schutt, C.E., et al. 1995. A discourse on modeling F-Actin. *J. Struct. Biol.* 115: 186-198.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ACTG1 (human) mapping to 17q25.3; Actg1 (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

SOURCE

γ -Actin (1-24) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against cytoplasmic γ -Actin from brain tissue of bovine origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

γ -Actin (1-24) is recommended for detection of γ -Actin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

γ -Actin (1-24) is also recommended for detection of γ -Actin in additional species, including bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Actin siRNA (h): sc-29191, Actin siRNA (m): sc-29192, Actin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29191-SH, Actin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29192-SH, Actin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29191-V and Actin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29192-V.

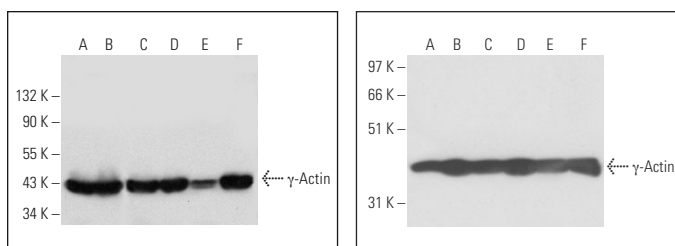
Molecular Weight of γ -Actin: 42 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, C32 whole cell lysate: sc-2205 or KNRK whole cell lysate: sc-2214.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



γ -Actin (1-24): sc-65635. Western blot analysis of γ -Actin expression in HeLa (A), IMR-32 (B), BC₃H1 (C), Sol8 (D), A-10 (E) and RPE-J (F) whole cell lysates.

γ -Actin (2-24): sc-65635. Western blot analysis of γ -Actin expression in HeLa (A), C32 (B), L6 (C), KNRK (D), NIH/3T3 (E) and A-431 (F) whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Kim, J.S., et al. 2011. Mechanistic analysis of a DNA damage-induced, PTEN-dependent size checkpoint in human cells. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 31: 2756-2771.
2. Luo, Y., et al. 2014. Loss of ASAP3 destabilizes cytoskeletal protein ACTG1 to suppress cancer cell migration. *Mol. Med. Rep.* 9: 387-394.
3. Andrade, L.R. 2015. Evidence for changes in β - and γ -Actin proportions during inner ear hair cell life. *Cytoskeleton* 72: 282-291.
4. Rodriguez, L., et al. 2017. Rab7A regulates Tau secretion. *J. Neurochem.* 141: 592-605.
5. Mohamed, N.V., et al. 2017. Tau secretion is correlated to an increase of Golgi dynamics. *PLoS ONE* 12: e0178288.
6. Malone, E.T., et al. 2021. *Treponema denticola*-induced RASA4 upregulation mediates cytoskeletal dysfunction and MMP-2 activity in periodontal fibroblasts. *Front. Cell. Infect. Microbiol.* 11: 671968.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.