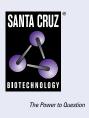
# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# caspase-3 (3F49): sc-70498



# BACKGROUND

Caspase-3, also known as apopain, SCA-1, Yama and CPP32, is an aspartatespecific cysteine protease that belongs to the ICE subfamily of caspases. Caspase-3 is expressed in cells as an inactive precursor from which the p17 and p11 subunits of the mature caspase-3 are proteolytically generated during apoptosis. The caspase-3 precursor is first cleaved at Asp175-Ser176 to produce the p11 subunit and the p20 peptide. Subsequently, the p20 peptide is cleaved at Asp28-Ser29 to generate the mature p17 subunit. The active caspase-3 enzyme is a heterodimer composed of two p17 and two p11 subunits. At the onset of apoptosis, caspase-3 proteolytically cleaves PARP at an Asp216-Gly217 bond. During the execution of the apoptotic cascade, activated caspase-3 releases SREBP from the membrane of the ER in a proteolytic reaction that is distinct from their normal sterol-dependent activation. Caspase-3 cleaves and activates SREBPs between the basic helix-loop-helix leucine zipper domain and the membrane attachment domain. Caspase-3 also cleaves and activates caspase-6, -7 and -9. The human caspase-3 gene encodes a cytoplasmic protein that is highly expressed in lung, spleen, heart, liver, kidney and cells of the immune system.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: CASP3 (human) mapping to 4q35.1; Casp3 (mouse) mapping to 8 B1.1.

## SOURCE

caspase-3 (3F49) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length caspase-3 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG\_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **APPLICATIONS**

caspase-3 (3F49) is recommended for detection of caspase-3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for caspase-3 siRNA (h): sc-29237, caspase-3 siRNA (m): sc-29927, caspase-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29237-SH, caspase-3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29927-SH, caspase-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29237-V and caspase-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29927-V.

Molecular Weight of procaspase-3: 32 kDa.

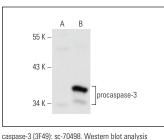
Molecular Weight of caspase-3 subunits: 11/17/20 kDa.

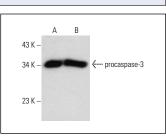
Positive Controls: caspase-3 (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-176342, MOLT-4 cell lysate: sc-2233 or CCRF-CEM cell lysate: sc-2225.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA





caspase-3 (3r49): sc-70498. Western biot analysis of procaspase-3 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human caspase-3 transfected: sc-176342 (**B**) 2937 whole cell lysates.

caspase-3 (3F49): sc-70498. Western blot analysis of procaspase-3 expression in CCRF-CEM ( $\pmb{A}$ ) and MOLT-4  $(\pmb{B})$  whole cell lysates.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Wang, B.Y., et al. 2014. Triptolide induces apoptosis of gastric cancer cells via inhibiting the overexpression of MDM2. Med. Oncol. 31: 270.
- Ferino, A., et al. 2020. Photodynamic therapy for Ras-driven cancers: targeting G-quadruplex RNA structures with bifunctional alkyl-modified porphyrins. J. Med. Chem. 63: 1245-1260.
- Mannino, D., et al. 2025. KRAS-SOS-1 inhibition as new pharmacological target to counteract anaplastic thyroid carcinoma (ATC). Int. J. Mol. Sci. 26: 2579.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.



See **caspase-3 p11 (C-6): sc-271759** for caspase-3 p11 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.