

CD43 (2Q1350): sc-70682

BACKGROUND

Over 100 cell surface markers have been identified through the use of monoclonal antibodies. Many of these markers have proven useful in identifying a specific subpopulation of cells within a mixed colony. Accordingly, these molecules have been assigned a "cluster of differentiation" (CD) designation. CD43 is the major O-glycosylated cell-surface associated sialoglycoprotein found on the cell membranes of leukocytes. It is a member of the surface mucin family which plays a central role in cellular adhesion tumor progression. Also called leukosialin, CD43 is best known as a marker for identifying normal and neoplastic T cells and a subset of neoplastic B cells within tissues. CD43 is thought to function as a negative regulator of cellular adhesion.

REFERENCES

1. Holter, W., et al. 1991. Phenotypical and functional characterization of leukocytes—the CD-system. *Wien. Klin. Wochenschr.* 103: 247-262.
2. Kim, Y.B., et al. 1994. CD11/CD18 panel report for swine CD workshop. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 43: 289-291.
3. Manjunath, N., et al. 1995. Negative regulation of T-cell adhesion and activation by CD43. *Nature* 377: 535-538.
4. Sanchez-Mateos, P., et al. 1995. Regulatory role of CD43 leukosialin in integrin-mediated T-cell adhesion to endothelial and extracellular matrix ligands and is polar redistribution to a cellular uropod. *Blood* 86: 2228-2239.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SPN (human) mapping to 16p11.2.

SOURCE

CD43 (2Q1350) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against myeloblastic cell line KG1.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

CD43 (2Q1350) is recommended for detection of CD43 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 µg per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CD43 siRNA (h): sc-29999, CD43 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29999-SH and CD43 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29999-V.

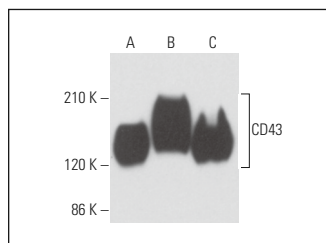
Molecular Weight of CD43: 115-130 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204, K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or MOLT-4 cell lysate: sc-2233.

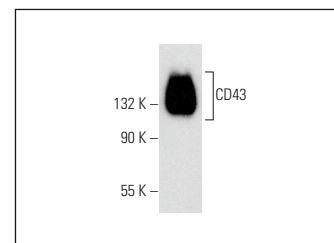
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



CD43 (2Q1350): sc-70682. Western blot analysis of CD43 expression in Jurkat (A), K-562 (B) and MOLT-4 (C) whole cell lysates.



CD43 (2Q1350): sc-70682. Western blot analysis of CD43 expression in HEL 92.1.7 whole cell lysate.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Bertolani, C., et al. 2006. Resistin as an intrahepatic cytokine: overexpression during chronic injury and induction of proinflammatory actions in hepatic stellate cells. *Am. J. Pathol.* 169: 2042-2053.
2. Pinto, D.O., et al. 2021. Extracellular vesicles from HTLV-1 infected cells modulate target cells and viral spread. *Retrovirology* 18: 6.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.