



RT1-Ac (6A444): sc-71976

BACKGROUND

RT1-A refers to the rat class I major histocompatibility (MHC I) molecules. RT1-A molecules, which consist of class Ia and class Ib molecules, are integral parts of the immune response and present nonself peptides on the cell surface for recognition by cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs). They are composed of two polypeptide chains, an α or heavy chain, and β -2-Microglobulin, a non-covalently associated protein. Cytotoxic T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by RT1-A molecules. Antigens that bind to RT1-A molecules are typically 8-10 residues in length and are stabilized in a peptide binding groove. RT1-Ac is haplotype c of the RT1-A antigens.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

RT1-Ac (6A444) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against PHA activated lymphocytes of rat origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

RT1-Ac (6A444) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-71976 PE) or fluorescein (sc-71976 FITC), 200 μ g/ml, for IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

APPLICATIONS

RT1-Ac (6A444) is recommended for detection of RT1-Ac of mouse and rat origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1×10^6 cells).

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
1) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.