

Junctophilin-3 siRNA (h): sc-72009

BACKGROUND

Junctophilins are components of the junctional complexes between plasma membranes and endoplasmic or sarcoplasmic reticulum present in all excitable cells. Junctophilins contain a cytoplasmic domain which binds to the plasma membrane, as well as an ER/SR membrane spanning hydrophobic C-terminal segment. The three subtypes in this family are Junctophilin-1, -2 and -3. Junctophilin-1 is predominantly expressed in skeletal muscle, but is also expressed at low levels in heart. Junctophilin-2 is expressed in heart and skeletal muscle. Mutant mice lacking the Jph2 gene exhibit embryonic lethality and possess cardiac myocytes that express abnormal calcium transients. Junctophilin-3 is expressed in brain. The JPH3 alternatively spliced exon 2A has been suggested as a site for CTG repeat expansion leading to a Huntington disease-like autosomal dominant disorder.

REFERENCES

1. Takeshima, H., et al. 2000. Junctophilins: a novel family of junctional membrane complex proteins. *Mol. Cell* 6: 11-22.
2. Margolis, R.L., et al. 2001. A disorder similar to Huntington's disease is associated with a novel CAG repeat expansion. *Ann. Neurol.* 50: 373-380.
3. Holmes, S.E., et al. 2001. A repeat expansion in the gene encoding Junctophilin-3 is associated with Huntington disease-like 2. *Nat. Genet.* 29: 377-378.
4. Nishi, M., et al. 2002. Motor discoordination in mutant mice lacking Junctophilin type 3. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 292: 318-324.
5. Nishi, M., et al. 2003. Coexpression of Junctophilin type 3 and type 4 in brain. *Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res.* 118: 102-110.
6. Stevanin, G., et al. 2003. Huntington's disease-like phenotype due to trinucleotide repeat expansions in the TBP and JPH3 genes. *Brain* 126: 1599-1603.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: JPH3 (human) mapping to 16q24.2.

PRODUCT

Junctophilin-3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Junctophilin-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72009-SH and Junctophilin-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72009-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Junctophilin-3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72009A, sc-72009B and sc-72009C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Junctophilin-3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Junctophilin-3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Junctophilin-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Junctophilin-3 (h)-PR: sc-72009-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.