

## IL-1F6 siRNA (h): sc-72168

### BACKGROUND

IL-1 (Interleukin-1) is a cytokine responsible for initiating a variety of activities through the activation of transcription factors, NF $\kappa$ B and AP-1, thereby promoting host response to injury or infection. The IL-1 superfamily is comprised of several ligands and receptors. IL-1F6, also known as interleukin-1 family member 6 (IL-1 $\epsilon$ F6) or interleukin-1  $\epsilon$  (IL-1 $\epsilon$ ), is a secreted ligand belonging to this superfamily. IL-1F6 is expressed in a variety of tissues, including lymph node, spleen, thymus, leukocytes, tonsil, fetal brain and bone marrow. It exists as a nitroprotein, post-translationally modified with a nitro group on tyrosine residue 96. IL-1F6 activates the IL-1Rrp2 and IL-1RAcP-dependent pathway leading to NF $\kappa$ B activation. Similar to other family members, IL-1F6 can be regulated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

### REFERENCES

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- Burger, D., et al. 2006. Is IL-1 a good therapeutic target in the treatment of arthritis? *Best. Pract. Res. Clin. Rheumatol.* 20: 879-896.
- Barksby, H.E., et al. 2007. The expanding family of interleukin-1 cytokines and their role in destructive inflammatory disorders. *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 149: 217-225.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IL36A (human) mapping to 2q13.

### PRODUCT

IL-1F6 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see IL-1F6 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72168-SH and IL-1F6 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72168-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of IL-1F6 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72168A, sc-72168B and sc-72168C.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### APPLICATIONS

IL-1F6 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of IL-1F6 expression in human cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Xiaoxiao, X., et al. 2021. Interleukin-36 $\alpha$  suppresses growth of non-small cell lung cancer *in vitro* by reducing angiogenesis. *FEBS Open Bio.* E-published.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.