IL-1F6 siRNA (m): sc-72169



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

IL-1 (interleukin-1) is a cytokine responsible for initiating a variety of activities through the activation of transcription factors, NFκB and AP-1, thereby promoting host response to injury or infection. The IL-1 superfamily is comprised of several ligands and receptors. IL-1F6, also known as interleukin-1 family member 6 (IL-1εF6) or interleukin-1 ϵ (IL-1ε), is a secreted ligand belonging to this superfamily. IL-1F6 is expressed in a variety of tissues, including lymph node, spleen, thymus, leukocytes, tonsil, fetal brain and bone marrow. It exists as a nitroprotein, post-translationally modified with a nitro group on tyrosine residue 96. IL-1F6 activates the IL-1Rrp2 and IL-1RAcP-dependent pathway leading to NFκB activation. Similar to other family members, IL-1F6 can be regulated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

REFERENCES

- Smith, D.E., Renshaw, B.R., Ketchem, R.R., Kubin, M., Garka, K.E. and Sims, J.E. 2000. Four new members expand the interleukin-1 superfamily. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 1169-1175.
- Hoever, G., Morgenstern, B., Preiser, W., Vogel, J.U., Hofmann, W.K., Bauer, G., Michaelis, M., Rabenau, H.F. and Doerr, H.W. 2004. Infection of cultured intestinal epithelial cells with severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 61: 2100-2112.
- 3. Towne, J.E., Garka, K.E., Renshaw, B.R., Virca, G.D. and Sims, J.E. 2004. Interleukin (IL)-1F6, IL-1F8, and IL-1F9 signal through IL-1Rrp2 and IL-1RAcP to activate the pathway leading to NFκB and MAPKs. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 13677-13688.
- Zhan, X. and Desiderio, D.M. 2006. Nitroproteins from a human pituitary adenoma tissue discovered with a nitrotyrosine affinity column and tandem mass spectrometry. Anal. Biochem. 354: 279-289.
- 5. Hasegawa, Y., Fukuda, S., Shimokawa, K., Kondo, S., Maeda, N. and Hayashizaki, Y. 2006. A RecA-mediated exon profiling method. Nucleic Acids Res. 34: e97.
- Chelvarajan, R.L., Liu, Y., Popa, D., Getchell, M.L., Getchell, T.V., Stromberg, A.J. and Bondada, S. 2006. Molecular basis of age-associated cytokine dysregulation in LPS-stimulated macrophages. J. Leukoc. Biol. 79: 1314-1327.
- 7. Burger, D., Dayer, J.M., Palmer, G. and Gabay, C. 2006. Is IL-1 a good therapeutic target in the treatment of arthritis? Best Pract. Res. Clin. Rheumatol. 20: 879-896.
- 8. Barksby, H.E., Lea, S.R., Preshaw, P.M. and Taylor, J.J. 2007. The expanding family of interleukin-1 cytokines and their role in destructive inflammatory disorders. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 149: 217-225.
- Chackerian, A.A., Oldham, E.R., Murphy, E.E., Schmitz, J., Pflanz, S. and Kastelein, R.A. 2007. IL-1 receptor accessory protein and ST2 comprise the IL-33 receptor complex. J. Immunol. 179: 2551-2555.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: II1f6 (mouse) mapping to 2 A3.

PRODUCT

lL-1F6 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see IL-1F6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-72169-SH and IL-1F6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72169-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of IL-1F6 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72169A, sc-72169B and sc-72169C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\mbox{L-1F6}$ siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of IL-1F6 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor IL-1F6 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: IL-1F6 (m)-PR: sc-72169-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com