



# Dyrk4 siRNA (m): sc-72232

## BACKGROUND

Dyrk (for dual specificity tyrosine phosphorylation regulated kinase) is the homolog of the *Drosophila* *mnb* (minibrain) gene, which is required for neurogenesis. Dyrk is a dual-specificity tyrosine kinase and serine/threonine kinase, which is itself regulated by tyrosine phosphorylation. Several mammalian Dyrk related proteins have been identified and are thought to compose a family of dual specificity protein kinases. Dyrk family members, including Dyrk1A (originally Dyrk), Dyrk1B, Dyrk1C, Dyrk2, Dyrk3 and Dyrk4, are thought to be involved in diverse cellular functions. Dyrk4 is a testis-specific kinase found mainly in post-meiotic spermatids, but has also been implicated in neuronal differentiation. It exists as two isoforms, named Dyrk4A and Dyrk4B, which share greater than 95% sequence homology. Dyrk4 deficiency has been shown to have no effect on male fertility, indicating a possible redundancy in the spermiogenesis pathway.

## REFERENCES

1. Kentrup, H., et al. 1996. Dyrk, a dual specificity protein kinase with unique structural features whose activity is dependent on tyrosine residues between subdomains VII and VIII. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 3488-3495.
2. Song, W.J., et al. 1996. Isolation of human and murine homologues of the *Drosophila* minibrain gene: human homologue maps to 21q22.2 in the Down syndrome "critical region". *Genomics* 38: 331-339.
3. Shindoh, N., et al. 1996. Cloning of a human homolog of the *Drosophila* minibrain/rat Dyrk gene from "the Down syndrome critical region" of chromosome 21. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 225: 92-99.
4. Becker, W., et al. 1998. Sequence characteristics, subcellular localization, and substrate specificity of DYRK-related kinases, a novel family of dual specificity protein kinases. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 25893-25902.
5. Leyboldt, F., et al. 2001. Identification of genes up-regulated by retinoic acid-induced differentiation of the human neuronal precursor cell line NTERA-2 cl.D1. *J. Neurochem.* 76: 806-814.
6. Sacher, F., et al. 2007. The expression of the testis-specific Dyrk4 kinase is highly restricted to step 8 spermatids but is not required for male fertility in mice. *Mol. Cell. Endocrinol.* 267: 80-88.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Dyrk4 (mouse) mapping to 6 F3.

## PRODUCT

Dyrk4 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Dyrk4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-72232-SH and Dyrk4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72232-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Dyrk4 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72232A, sc-72232B and sc-72232C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

Dyrk4 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Dyrk4 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Dyrk4 (E-2): sc-390973 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Dyrk4 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Dyrk4 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Dyrk4 (m)-PR: sc-72232-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.