

PHKG2 siRNA (m): sc-72306

BACKGROUND

PHKG2 (phosphorylase kinase subunit γ 2), also known as PHK γ testis/liver isoform (PHK- γ -T) or PSK-C3, is a subunit of phosphorylase kinase (PHK). PHK is a hexadecameric protein composed of four α chains, four β chains, four γ chains and four δ chains. The γ chains are catalytic chains, the α and β chains are regulatory chains and the δ chains are calmodulins. PHKG2 is an isozyme of the γ -chain and is expressed in testis, liver and possibly other non-muscle tissues. It contains one protein kinase domain and belongs to the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. As the catalytic chain of PHK, PHKG2 is responsible for catalyzing the phosphorylation and activation of glycogen phosphorylase and therefore it plays an important role in the glycogenolytic pathway. Mutations in the gene encoding PHKG2 can lead to PHK deficiency and result in glycogen storage disease type 9C (GSD9C), also known as autosomal liver glycogenosis.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Phkg2 (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

PHKG2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PHKG2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-72306-SH and PHKG2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72306-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PHKG2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72306A, sc-72306B and sc-72306C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PHKG2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PHKG2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PHKG2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PHKG2 (m)-PR: sc-72306-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.