# CHMP1B siRNA (h): sc-72893



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The charged multivesicular body proteins or chromatin modifying proteins, commonly designated CHMPs, belong to the vacuolar sorting protein family and function as chromatin-modifying proteins. CHMP1-6 are all components of ESCRT (endosomal sorting complex required for transport) I, II or III complexes. These complexes are crucial for sorting endosomal articles into multivesicular bodies (MVBs), and are also required for the formation of these bodies. CHMP1 interacts with VPS4B and localizes to early endosomes. Two isoforms, encoded by distinct genes, exist for CHMP1. They are designated CHMP1A and CHMP1B. CHMP1 overexpression can lead to the dilation of endosomal compartments resulting in a disruption of the normal distribution of endosomal markers.

# **REFERENCES**

- Stauffer, D.R., et al. 2001. CHMP1 is a novel nuclear matrix protein affecting chromatin structure and cell-cycle progression. J. Cell Sci. 114: 2383-2393.
- 2. Howard, T.L., et al. 2001. CHMP1 functions as a member of a newly defined family of vesicle trafficking proteins. J. Cell Sci. 114: 2395-2404.
- Yang, K.S., et al. 2004. Molecular characterization of NbCHMP1 encoding a homolog of human CHMP1 in *Nicotiana benthamiana*. Mol. Cells 17: 255-261.
- Reid, E., et al. 2005. The hereditary spastic paraplegia protein spastin interacts with the ESCRT-III complex-associated endosomal protein CHMP1B. Hum. Mol. Genet. 14: 19-38.
- Horii, M., et al. 2006. CHMP7, a novel ESCRT-III-related protein, associates with CHMP4b and functions in the endosomal sorting pathway. Biochem. J. 400: 23-32.
- Agromayor, M., et al. 2006. Interaction of AMSH with ESCRT-III and deubiquitination of endosomal cargo. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 23083-23091.
- 7. Kato, T. 2007. Molecular genetics of bipolar disorder and depression. Psychiatry Clin. Neurosci. 61: 3-19.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CHMP1B (human) mapping to 18p11.21.

#### **PRODUCT**

CHMP1B siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CHMP1B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72893-SH and CHMP1B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72893-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CHMP1B (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72893A, sc-72893B and sc-72893C.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

CHMP1B siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of CHMP1B expression in human cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

CHMP1B (D-10): sc-514013 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CHMP1B gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CHMP1B gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CHMP1B (h)-PR: sc-72893-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com