# COMMD7 siRNA (h): sc-72967



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

COMMD family members are a group of evolutionary conserved proteins that share a common COMM domain at the extreme C-terminus, which provides an interface for protein-protein interactions. Of the ten family members, the role of COMMD1, also known as MURR1, is best characterized, functioning to inhibit TNF-induced NF $\kappa$ B p50 and to facilitate biliary copper excretion within hepatocytes. Most, if not all, COMMD proteins have been found to play a role in the regulation NF $\kappa$ B and, despite their similarities, seem to function in unique and non-redundant pathways. COMMD proteins may also play a role in the function of epithelial sodium channels, cell proliferation, copper homeostasis and in the regulation of the ubiquitin pathway. With highest expression in lung, COMMD7 (COMM domain-containing protein 7) is a 200 amino acid protein that binds COMMD1 via its COMM domain. By interacting with the NF $\kappa$ B complex, COMMD7 suppresses the transcriptional activity of NF $\kappa$ B.

## **REFERENCES**

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- 3. Maine, G.N. and Burstein, E. 2007. COMMD proteins and the control of the NF $\kappa$ B pathway. Cell Cycle 6: 672-676.
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- Maine, G.N., et al. 2008. COMMD1 expression is controlled by critical residues that determine XIAP binding. Biochem. J. 417: 601-609.
- 7. Burkhead, J.L., et al. 2008. COMMD1 forms oligomeric complexes targeted to the endocytic membranes via specific interactions with Ptdlns(4,5)p2. J. Biol. Chem. 284: 696-707.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: COMMD7 (human) mapping to 20q11.21.

## **PRODUCT**

COMMD7 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see COMMD7 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72967-SH and COMMD7 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72967-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of COMMD7 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-72967A, sc-72967B and sc-72967C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

COMMD7 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of COMMD7 expression in human cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

COMMD7 (AT49B5): sc-517395 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of COMMD7 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor COMMD7 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: COMMD7 (h)-PR: sc-72967-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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