# GCM1 siRNA (m): sc-75118



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#### **BACKGROUND**

GCM1 (glial cells missing homolog 1), also known as GCMA or hGCMa, is a 436 amino acid human homolog of the *Drosophila* glial cells missing protein (gcm). Localized to the nucleus and expressed specifically in placenta, GCM1 functions as a transcription factor that binds the novel sequence (A/G)CCCG-CAT and, through this binding, regulates placental development. Additionally, GCM1 is thought to regulate syncytin SU-mediated trophoblastic fusion, an event that produces syncytiotrophoblast structures which, in turn, function as the outermost covering of the placental villi. GCM1 contains one N-terminal GCM (glial cell missing) DNA-binding domain, a conserved 150 amino acid residue that conveys DNA-binding activity for a variety of transcription factors involved in developmental processes.

#### **REFERENCES**

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## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Gcm1 (mouse) mapping to 9 E1.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

GCM1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GCM1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-75118-SH and GCM1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75118-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GCM1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75118A, sc-75118B and sc-75118C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\operatorname{GCM1}$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of  $\operatorname{GCM1}$  expression in mouse cells.

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GCM1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GCM1 (m)-PR: sc-75118-PR (20 µl, 584 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Li, J., et al. 2021. Aberrant GCM1 expression mediates Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin pathway activation in folate deficiency involved in neural tube defects. Cell Death Dis. 12: 234.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com