

GlcNAc kinase siRNA (m): sc-75137

BACKGROUND

GlcNAc kinase, also known as GNK or NAGK (N-acetylglucosamine kinase), is a 344 amino acid homodimeric protein that is ubiquitously expressed. Belonging to the sugar kinase/Hsp70/Actin superfamily and the eukaryotic-type N-acetylglucosamine kinase family, GlcNAc kinase converts endogenous N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc), a major component of complex carbohydrates, from lysosomal degradation or nutritional sources into GlcNAc 6-phosphate. GlcNAc kinase is considered a salvage enzyme of amino sugar metabolism in mammals and predominately produces the β anomer of phosphorylated sugars. It is suggested that GlcNAc kinase has ManNAc kinase activity.

REFERENCES

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PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Nagk (mouse) mapping to 6 C3.

PRODUCT

GlcNAc kinase siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GlcNAc kinase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-75137-SH and GlcNAc kinase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75137-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GlcNAc kinase (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75137A, sc-75137B and sc-75137C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GlcNAc kinase siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GlcNAc kinase expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GlcNAc kinase gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GlcNAc kinase (m)-PR: sc-75137-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.