HS6ST2 siRNA (m): sc-75304



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

HSPGs (heparan sulfate proteoglycans) are long chains of HSs (heparan sulfates) which are connected to core proteins and are expressed ubiquitously on cell surfaces. HSs are thought to interact with many proteins including growth factors, morphogens and their receptors whose functions include the regulation of ligand stability. In the Golgi apparatus, HS structures are thought to be synthesized by heparan-sulfate chain modification enzymes. HS6ST2 (heparan sulfate 6-0-sulfotransferase 2), is a 605 amino acid single-pass type II membrane protein that belongs to the sulfotransferase 6 family. HS6ST2 catalyzes the transfer of sulfate from PAPSS to a specific position of the N-sulfoglucosamine residue of HS. It is suggested that the thyroid hormone negatively regulates expression of HS6ST2. Three isoforms exists due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Hs6st2 (mouse) mapping to X A5.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

HS6ST2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see HS6ST2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-75304-SH and HS6ST2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75304-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of HS6ST2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75304A, sc-75304B and sc-75304C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

HS6ST2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of HS6ST2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor HS6ST2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: HS6ST2 (m)-PR: sc-75304-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

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