# KLHDC7B siRNA (h): sc-75392



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#### **BACKGROUND**

The BTB (broad-complex, tramtrack and bric a brac) domain, also known as the POZ (poxvirus and zinc finger) domain, is an N-terminal homodimerization domain that contains multiple copies of kelch repeats and/or  $\rm C_2H_2$ -type zinc fingers. Proteins that contain BTB domains are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chromatin structure and function. The kelch domain-containing protein 7B (KLHDC7B) contains five kelch repeats suggesting a role in transcription regulation. The gene encoding KLHDC6 maps to chromosome 22, which contains over 500 genes. As the second smallest human chromosome, 22 contains a surprising variety of interesting genes, including Phelan-McDermid syndrome, neurofibromatosis type 2 and autism.

## **REFERENCES**

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# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KLHDC7B (human) mapping to 22q13.33.

#### **PRODUCT**

KLHDC7B siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see KLHDC7B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-75392-SH and KLHDC7B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75392-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of KLHDC7B (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75392A, sc-75392B and sc-75392C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

KLHDC7B siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of KLHDC7B expression in human cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor KLHDC7B gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: KLHDC7B (h)-PR: sc-75392-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

 Yahiro, K., et al. 2021. A novel endoplasmic stress mediator, Kelch domain containing 7B (KLHDC7B), increased Harakiri (HRK) in the SubAB-induced apoptosis signaling pathway. Cell Death Discov. 7: 360.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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