MAT IIβ siRNA (h): sc-75753



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Methionine adenosyltransferase (MAT) catalyzes the formation of S-adenosyltransferase (AdoMet) for methionine catabolism in the liver. MAT II β (methionine adenosyltransferase II, β), also known as TGR, MAT-II or SDR23E1, is a 334 amino acid protein that is widely expressed and plays an important role in amino acid biosynthesis. Existing as a heterotetramer with two MAT II α subunits, MAT II β functions as a non-catalytic regulatory protein that mediates the activity of MAT II α , specifically by changing the kinetic properties of MAT II α , thereby rendering it more susceptible to inhibition. MAT II β is expressed in hepatoma cells and is thought to play a role in cell proliferation, possibly by increasing the rate of DNA synthesis. Multiple isoforms of MAT II β exist due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

- Okada, G., et al. 1981. Multiple species of mammalian S-adenosylmethionine synthetase. Partial purification and characterization. Biochemistry 20: 934-940.
- 2. LeGros, H.L., et al. 2000. Cloning, expression, and functional characterization of the β regulatory subunit of human methionine adenosyltransferase (MAT II). J. Biol. Chem. 275: 2359-2366.
- 3. LeGros, L., et al. 2001. Regulation of the human MAT2B gene encoding the regulatory β subunit of methionine adenosyltransferase, MAT II. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 24918-24924.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2001. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 605527. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 5. Martínez-Chantar, M.L., et al. 2003. Methionine adenosyltransferase $II\beta$ subunit gene expression provides a proliferative advantage in human hepatoma. Gastroenterology 124: 940-948.
- 6. Yang, H., et al. 2008. Expression pattern, regulation, and functions of methionine adenosyltransferase 2β splicing variants in hepatoma cells. Gastroenterology 134: 281-291.
- 7. Ramani, K., et al. 2008. Leptin's mitogenic effect in human liver cancer cells requires induction of both methionine adenosyltransferase 2A and 2β . Hepatology 47: 521-531.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAT2B (human) mapping to 5q34.

PRODUCT

MAT II β siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MAT II β shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-75753-SH and MAT II β shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75753-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MAT II β (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75753A, sc-75753B and sc-75753C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MAT II β siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MAT II β expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MAT II β (A-3): sc-390586 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MAT II β gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MAT II β gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MAT II β (h)-PR: sc-75753-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.