# NARG1L siRNA (h): sc-75877



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

They cytoplasmic protein NARG1 (NMDA (N-methyl-d-aspartate) receptor-regulated gene 1) interacts with ARD1 or ARD2 to form a complex, which exhibits N-terminal ( $\alpha$ ) acetyltransferase activity. This complex interacts with ribosomal subunits functioning in cotranslational acetylation. During apoptosis, both NARG1 and ARD1 are cleaved by caspases, which results in decreased acetyltransferase activity. Knockdown of NARG1 in HeLa cells leads to apoptosis, indicating that properly functioning NARG1 is essential for cell viability. NARG1 is expressed at high levels in dividing tissues such as bone marrow, testis and embryonal brain and it is overexpressed in papillary thyroid carcinomas. The NARG1-like protein (NARG1L) is an 864 amino acid protein that contains seven TPR repeats and may also be a component of a complex that displays N-terminal acetyltransferase activity.

# **REFERENCES**

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# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: NAA16 (human) mapping to 13q14.11.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

NARG1L siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NARG1L shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-75877-SH and NARG1L shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75877-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NARG1L (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-75877A, sc-75877B and sc-75877C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

NARG1L siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NARG1L expression in human cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NARG1L gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NARG1L (h)-PR: sc-75877-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

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