

RBM26 siRNA (h): sc-76367

BACKGROUND

Proteins containing RNA recognition motifs, including various hnRNP proteins, are implicated in the regulation of alternative splicing and protein components of snRNPs. The RBM (RNA-binding motif) gene family encodes proteins with an RNA binding motif that have been suggested to play a role in the modulation of apoptosis. RBM26 (RNA binding motif protein 26), whose alternative names include CTCL tumor antigen se70-2, C13orf10, ARRS2, SE70-2, ZC3H17, PRO1777, FLJ20957, RP11-255E21.1, MGC133295 or MGC133296, is a 1,007 amino acid protein with six isoforms which result due to alternative splicing. RBM26 also contains one C3H1-type zinc finger and two RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains. The gene encoding RBM26 maps to human chromosome 13q31.1.

REFERENCES

1. Varani, G. and Nagai, K. 1998. RNA recognition by RNP proteins during RNA processing. *Annu. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct.* 27: 407-445.
2. Eichmüller, S., Usener, D., Dummer, R., Stein, A., Thiel, D. and Schadendorf, D. 2001. Serological detection of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma-associated antigens. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 98: 629-634.
3. Maris, C., Dominguez, C. and Allain, F.H. 2005. The RNA recognition motif, a plastic RNA-binding platform to regulate post-transcriptional gene expression. *FEBS J.* 272: 2118-2131.
4. Sutherland, L.C., Rintala-Maki, N.D., White, R.D. and Morin, C.D. 2005. RNA binding motif (RBM) proteins: a novel family of apoptosis modulators? *J. Cell. Biochem.* 94: 5-24.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RBM26 (human) mapping to 13q31.1.

PRODUCT

RBM26 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see RBM26 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76367-SH and RBM26 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76367-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of RBM26 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-76367A, sc-76367B and sc-76367C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

RBM26 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of RBM26 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor RBM26 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: RBM26 (h)-PR: sc-76367-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.