



TRABD siRNA (h): sc-76722

BACKGROUND

TRABD (TraB domain-containing protein) is a 376 amino acid protein whose gene is encoded by human chromosome 22, which contains over 500 genes and about 49 million bases. Being the second smallest human chromosome, 22 contains a surprising variety of interesting genes. Phelan-McDermid syndrome, Neurofibromatosis type 2 and autism are associated with chromosome 22. A schizophrenia susceptibility locus has been identified on chromosome 22 and studies show that 22q11 deletion symptoms include a high incidence of schizophrenia. Translocations between chromosomes 9 and 22 may lead to the formation of the Philadelphia chromosome and the subsequent production of the novel fusion protein, Bcr-Abl, a potent cell proliferation activator found in several types of leukemia. There are two isoforms of TRABD that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

1. Schwab, S.G. and Wildenauer, D.B. 1999. Chromosome 22 workshop report. *Am. J. Med. Genet.* 88: 276-278.
2. Dunham, I., et al. 1999. The DNA sequence of human chromosome 22. *Nature* 402: 489-495.
3. Hattori, A., et al. 2000. Characterization of long cDNA clones from human adult spleen. *DNA Res.* 7: 357-366.
4. Collins, J.E., et al. 2003. Reevaluating human gene annotation: a second-generation analysis of chromosome 22. *Genome Res.* 13: 27-36.
5. Collins, J.E., et al. 2004. A genome annotation-driven approach to cloning the human ORFeome. *Genome Biol.* 5: R84.
6. Arinami, T. 2006. Analyses of the associations between the genes of 22q11 deletion syndrome and schizophrenia. *J. Hum. Genet.* 51: 1037-1045.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TRABD (human) mapping to 22q13.33.

PRODUCT

TRABD siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TRABD shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76722-SH and TRABD shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76722-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TRABD (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-76722A, sc-76722B and sc-76722C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TRABD siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TRABD expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TRABD gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TRABD (h)-PR: sc-76722-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.