

USP28 siRNA (h): sc-76831

BACKGROUND

The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. Through the use of a wide range of enzymes that can add or remove ubiquitin, the Ub pathway controls many intracellular processes such as signal transduction, transcriptional activation and cell cycle progression. USP28 (ubiquitin specific peptidase 28) is a 1,077 amino acid protein that contains one UIM repeat and belongs to the peptidase C19 family. Playing an important role in the maintenance of cell-free ubiquitin pools, USP28 functions to catalytically remove ubiquitin from ubiquitin-conjugated peptides, thereby releasing free ubiquitin and affecting the fate and degradation of target peptides. Two isoforms of USP28 exist due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

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3. Puente, X.S., et al. 2003. Human and mouse proteases: a comparative genomic approach. Nat. Rev. Genet. 4: 544-558.
4. Zhang, D., et al. 2006. A role for the deubiquitinating enzyme USP28 in control of the DNA-damage response. Cell 126: 529-542.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: USP28 (human) mapping to 11q23.2.

PRODUCT

USP28 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see USP28 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76831-SH and USP28 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76831-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of USP28 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-76831A, sc-76831B and sc-76831C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

USP28 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of USP28 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor USP28 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: USP28 (h)-PR: sc-76831-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.