# VPRBP siRNA (h): sc-76898



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Infection by human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is associated with an early immune dysfunction and progressive destruction of CD4+T lymphocytes. The HIV-induced, premature destruction of lymphocytes is associated with the continuous production of HIV viral proteins, which modulate apoptotic pathways. The virion-associated protein (Vpr), an accessory protein of HIV, affects viral replication, as well as cell growth, differentiation and apoptosis. Involved in the pathogenesis of T cell depletion in HIV-infected people, Vpr has been shown to enhance the nuclear transport of the HIV-1 pre-integration complex, activate transcription of cellular and viral promoters and arrest the cell cycle at the G<sub>2</sub>/M checkpoint. VPRBP (Vpr (HIV-1) binding protein), also known as DCAF1 or RIP, is a 1,507 amino acid cytoplasmic protein that contains one LisH domain and functions as a Vpr binding protein. Expressed ubiquitously, VPRBP is thought to act as a receptor for the CUL-4-DDB1 complex and, in response to HIV infection, interacts with Vpr and may cause cell cycle arrest at the G<sub>2</sub> phase. Multiple isoforms of VPRBP exist due to alternative splicing events.

# **REFERENCES**

- Zhao, L.J., et al. 1994. Biochemical mechanism of HIV-I Vpr function. Specific interaction with a cellular protein. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 15577-15582.
- Zhang, S., et al. 2001. Cytoplasmic retention of HIV-1 regulatory protein Vpr by protein-protein interaction with a novel human cytoplasmic protein VPRBP. Gene 263: 131-140.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: VPRBP (human) mapping to 3p21.2.

## **PRODUCT**

VPRBP siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see VPRBP shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76898-SH and VPRBP shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76898-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of VPRBP (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-76898A, sc-76898B and sc-76898C.

# STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

VPRBP siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of VPRBP expression in human cells.

### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

VPRBP (C-8): sc-376850 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of VPRBP gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor VPRBP gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: VPRBP (h)-PR: sc-76898-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Salsman, J., et al. 2012. Proteomic profiling of the human cytomegalovirus UL35 gene products reveals a role for UL35 in the DNA repair response. J. Virol. 86: 806-820.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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